# SERVO**STAR®** PD

# SERCOS IDN Reference Manual

# **KOLLMORGEN**

giving our customers freedom of design

M-SS-011-0504 Firmware Version 6.3.3

#### **Record of Manual Revisions**

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1	05/01/1999	Initial release of SERCOS option 3.3.0
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4	02/12/2003	Added new IDNs for firmware upgrade 6.3.3

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# **IDNs Grouped By Function**

# **Acceleration / Deceleration Control**

Homing Acceleration Negative Acceleration Limit Value

**Ouick Deceleration Rate** 

Positive Acceleration Limit Value

Weight Counter Balance

Acceleration/Deceleration Limit Enable

# Configurable I/O

Home Switch Status Configurable I/O: Input 1 Status Configurable I/O: Input 2 Status Configurable I/O: Input 3 Status

Configurable I/O: Output 1 Control/Status

Configurable I/O: Inputs Polarity

Configurable I/O: Input 1 Mode Configurable I/O: Input 2 Mode Configurable I/O: Input 3 Mode Configurable I/O: Output 1Mode Configurable I/O: Inputs Status

# **Current and Torque Control**

Primary Operation Mode Torque Feedback Value **Bipolar Torque Limit Amplifier Peak Current Amplifier Rated Current** Friction Torque Compensation System Load Limit

Weight Counter Balance

Current Loop Adaptive Gain at Peak Current

Current Loop Adaptive Gain at Continuous Current

Current Loop Adaptive Gain at Zero Current Torque Angle Advance at Continuous Current Torque Angle Advance at Peak Current

Additive Torque Command

Overload Warning

Fold Back Fault Handling Mode

Fold Back Warning Time Dynamic Braking Mode **Dynamic Braking Current** Bipolar Torque Limit 2

# Fault & Safety Detection

Positive Position Limit Value Position Polarity Parameter

**Bipolar Torque Limit** 

Class 2 Diagnostic Mask

Procedure: Reset Class 1 Diagnostic Manufacturer Class 1 Diagnostic (MC1D)

Overload Warning

Fold Back Fault Handling Mode

Dynamic Braking Mode

Motor Over Speed Trip Set Point Hardware Limit Switch Enable/Disable

**CCW Limit Switch Status** 

Drive Relay Status

Motor Temperature Sensor Type

Bus Under Voltage Fault Handling Mode

Negative Position Limit Value

**Bipolar Velocity Limit** Diagnostic Message

Class 3 Diagnostic Mask

System Load Limit Monitoring Window

Motor Over Temperature Warning

Fold Back Warning Time Bipolar Torque Limit 2 **Ouick Deceleration Rate** CW Limit Switch Status

**Drive Relay Closure Conditions** Motor Over Temperature Mode

Motor Over Temperature Relay Delay Time

Bus Under Voltage Warning Time

#### **Feedback Devices**

External (Load) Position Feedback Type

**External Feedback Resolution** 

Motor Encoder Offset

Encoder/Resolver Relative Phase Offset

Hall Sensor Status

Procedure: Initialize Encoder

Resolver Inter-LSB Mode

Motor Feedback Resolution Hall Sensor Inversion Motor Encoder Type Number of Resolver Poles Encoder Initialization Current

Procedure: Find Marker Encoder Initialization

Feedback Status

#### **General Features**

Manufacturer Version
DC BUS Voltage

Remote Enable Switch Status

Analog Input Value

Analog Input Dead Band

Source for Analog Output Feature

Position Scale Factor for Analog Output

Tune Bandwidth

Tune Velocity

Drive Off Delay Time

Active Disable Threshold Speed

Scaled Analog Input Value

**Analog Input Offset Compensation** 

Analog Input Low Pass Filter Corner Frequency

Current Scale Factor for Analog Output Velocity Scale Factor for Analog Output

Tune Rotation Direction

Procedure: Tune

# **Monitoring and Troubleshooting**

Class 1 Diagnostic (C1D)

Class 3 Diagnostic (C3D)

Reference Distance 1 Position Window

Manufacturer Class 1 Diagnostic (MC1D)

Manufacturer Class 3 Diagnostic (MC3D)

Position Feedback Value 1 (Motor Feedback)

Maximum Length of MDT Configurable Data

Hall Sensor Status

Absolute Mechanical Position Relative to Marker

**DIP Switch Enable Status** 

Record Sample Time

Record Channel 1 Signal

Record Channel 3 Signal Record Trigger Level

Record Trigger Buffer Offset

**Record Data Status** 

Record Data

Class 2 Diagnostic (C2D)

**Interface Status** 

Following Distance

Standstill Window

Manufacturer Class 2 Diagnostic (MC2D)

**Status: In Position** 

Status: Velocity feedback = 0

**Drive Disable Status** 

Position Feedback Hardware Counter

**Drive DIP Switch Status** 

**Hold Mode Status** 

Record Channel Buffer Size

Record Channel 2 Signal

Record Trigger Signal

**Record Trigger Polarity** 

Procedure: Record

Record Data Pointer

# **Motor Compatibility**

Motor Peak Current Maximum Motor Speed Number of Motor Poles Linear Motor Pole Pitch Motor Back EMF Constant

Current Loop Adaptive Gain at Peak Current Current Loop Adaptive Gain at Continuous Current Current Loop Adaptive Gain at Zero Current Torque Angle Advance at Continuous Current Velocity Angle Advance at Maximum Speed Motor Continuous Stall Current

Motor Type

Rotor's Moment of Inertia Minimum Motor Inductance Motor Back EMF Compensation

Hall Sensor Inversion

Motor Type

Hall Sensor Status

Torque Angle Advance at Peak Current Velocity Angle Advance at Half Speed

#### **Position Control**

Primary Operation Mode Homing Acceleration

Positive Position Limit Value

Position Feedback Value 1 (Motor Feedback) Position Feedback Value 2 (External Feedback)

Position Window

Position Loop Proportional Gain Probe 1 Positive Edge Value

Homing Parameter Motor Reference Offset Probe Control Parameter Probe Position Latch Status

Procedure: Cancel Reference Point Acceleration Feed-Forward Gain

Probe 1

Probe 1 Enable

Absolute Mechanical Position Relative to Marker

Micro-Interpolator Mode Position Loop Derivative Gain

Position Loop Integrator Output Saturation Limit Position Loop Integrator Input Saturation Limit

**CCW Limit Switch Status** 

Homing Velocity

Position Command Value Negative Position Limit Value

Reference Distance 1

Position Polarity Parameter Position Data Scaling Type External Feedback Resolution Probe 1 Negative Edge Value

Procedure: Drive Controlled Homing

Monitoring Window Procedure: Probing Following Distance Status: In Position Home Switch Status

Position Feedback Value Status Probe 1 Positive Edge Latched Status Probe 1 Negative Edge Latched Status Acceleration Feed Forward Gain 2

Position Loop Integral Gain

Hardware Limit Switch Enable/Disable

CW Limit Switch Status

# **Systems Communication**

Communication Cycle Time Transmit/Receive Transition Time

AT Transmission Starting Time

MDT Length

Telegram Type Parameter

Configuration List of AT Cyclic Data

IDN List of All Operation Data for CP2

Slave Arrangement

Configuration List of MDT Cyclic Data

Receive to Receive Recovery Time

Command Value Processing Time

Class 2 Diagnostic Mask

Master Control Word

List of AT Configurable Data IDNs

IDN List of Back-up Operation Data

Procedure: Back-up Working Memory

Realtime Status (RTS) Bit 1

Realtime Status (RTS) Bit 1 Allocation

Realtime Status (RTS) Bit 2 Allocation

Encoder Equivalent Output Resolution

Manufacturer Class 3 Diagnostic Mask

Shortest AT Transmission Starting Time Minimum Feedback Processing Time

Position of Data Record in MDT

Procedure: Communication Phase 3 Transition Check Procedure: Communication Phase 4 Transition Check

IDN List of All Operation Data

IDN List of All Operation Data for CP3

IDN List of Invalid Operation Data for CP3

IDN List of Invalid Operation Data for CP3

IDN List of All Procedure Commands

**MDT Transmission Starting Time** 

Class 3 Diagnostic Mask

Maximum Length of AT Configurable Data

List of MDT Configurable Data IDNs

Procedure: Load Working Memory

Overload Warning

Realtime Control (RTC) Bit 2 Allocation

Realtime Status (RTS) Bit 2

Procedure: Clear Non-Volatile Memory

Manufacturer Class 2 Diagnostic Mask

Control Unit Synchronization Bit Monitoring

# **Velocity Control**

Primary Operation Mode

Additive Velocity Command Value

Homing Velocity

Bipolar Velocity Limit

Velocity Feed Forward Gain

Velocity Angle Advance at Half Speed

Velocity Loop APP Input Filter

Velocity Notch Filter Band Width

Velocity Loop Filter Mode

Velocity Low Pass Filter 2 Frequency

Velocity Loop PDFF Proportional Gain

Velocity Loop PDFF to Feedback Gain Ratio

Velocity Loop SPP Load to Motor Inertia Ratio

Velocity Loop Integral Gain

Procedure: Design APP Velocity Controller

Velocity Loop APP Feedback Path Polynomial

Velocity Loop APP Output Filter

APP Velocity Procedure Acknowledgement

Step Velocity 1 Duration

Step Velocity 2 Duration

Velocity Command Value

Velocity Feedback Value

Velocity Data Scaling Type

Velocity Loop Proportional Gain

Velocity Angle Advance at Maximum Speed

Motor Over Speed Trip Set Point

Velocity Notch Filter Center Frequency

Velocity Feedback Compensation Filter

Velocity Low Pass Filter 1 Frequency

Velocity Loop Compensation Mode

Velocity Loop PDFF Integral Gain

Velocity Loop SPP Bandwidth

Velocity Loop SPP Tracking Factor

Velocity Loop Expanded Proportional Gain

Velocity Loop APP Forward Path Polynomial

Velocity APP Feed-forward Path Polynomial

APP Velocity Controller Procedure Control

Step Velocity 1

Step Velocity 2

Procedure: Velocity Step

# **SERCOS IDNs**

Each SERCOS-interface SERVOSTAR®-supported IDN is described and listed in numerical order. Each IDN description is displayed in the following format:

#### **IDN # IDN Name**

**Description:** 

Data Length: Units:

Data Type:
Minimum:
Write Access:
Maximum:
Serial Equivalent:
Default:
Availability:

NOTE: All fields are not applicable to every IDN description.

# **IDN 2: Communication Cycle Time**

**Description:** The period at which MST, AT, and MDT telegrams are transmitted. The communication

cycle time (CCT) may be incremented in 1 mS steps. The micro-interpolator (µI), IDN

P110, must be disabled for CCTs greater than 6 mS.

Data Length: 2 bytes Units: uS

Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: NoMinimum: 2,000Write Access: CP 2Maximum: 25,000Serial Equivalent:Default: None - master must download.Availability:

# **IDN 3: Shortest AT Transmission Starting Time**

**Description:** The time required by the drive between the end of the MST and the start of the drive's

AT.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** μS

Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default:85Availability:

# **IDN 4: Transmit/Receive Transition Time**

**Description:** The time required by the drive between the end of the MST and the start of the drive's

AT.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units: μS

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes **Minimum:**Write Access: Read-only

Maximum: Serial Equivalent:
Default: 10 Availability:

# **IDN 5: Minimum Feedback Processing Time**

**Description:** The time required by the drive for acquiring and processing cyclic feedback. This time

period is measured from the feedback processing point to the end of the next MST.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** μS

Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: 316 μSAvailability:

# **IDN 6: AT Transmission Starting Time**

**Description:** The time at which the drive should transmit its AT during CP3 and CP4.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** μS

Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: NoMinimum: IDN 3Write Access: CP 2Maximum: IDN 2Serial Equivalent:Default: None - the master must downloadAvailability:

#### IDN 9: Position of Data Record in MDT

**Description:** The offset (in bytes) of the drive's data record within the MDT. The offset is measured

from the MDT's address field.

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: BytesData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: NoMinimum: 1Write Access: CP 2Maximum: 65,531Serial Equivalent:Default: None - the master must downloadAvailability:

# IDN 10: MDT Length

**Description:** The length of the MDT's data field, expressed in bytes. This length does not include the

MDT delimiters, address field, or CRC.

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: BytesData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: NoMinimum: 4Write Access: CP 2Maximum: 65,534Serial Equivalent:Default: None - the master must downloadAvailability:

# **IDN 11: Class 1 Diagnostic (C1D)**

**Description:** 

Lists the current fault status of the drive. When a fault occurs, the drive decelerates to a stop and releases torque. The C1D status bit (AT bit 13) is set and the corresponding fault bits are set within IDN 11. All faults are latched within IDN 11 and are reset through the "Reset Class 1 Diagnostic (C1D)" procedure (IDN 99).

Bit	Description	
LSB 0	Overload fault (IDN 114)	
1	Amplifier over temperature fault	
2	Motor over temperature fault	
3	Reserved: Cooling system fault (set to 0)	
4	Control voltage fault (analog supply failure)	
5	Feedback loss fault (IDN P67)	
6	Commutation fault	
7	Over current fault	
8	Over voltage fault	
9	Under voltage fault	
10	Reserved: Power supply phase fault (set to 0)	
11	Excessive position deviation (IDN 159)	
12	Communication interface fault (IDN 14)	
13	Software limit switch fault (IDN 49, 50, 55)	
14	Reserved (set to 0)	
MSB 15	Manufacturer-defined fault (IDN 129)	

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: Write Access: Read-only

Maximum: Serial Equivalent:

**Default:** Availability:

# **IDN 12: Class 2 Diagnostic (C2D)**

**Description:** 

Lists warnings that may indicate an impending shutdown. When an unmasked warning condition occurs, the corresponding warning bits are changed within IDN 12 and the C2D change bit (AT status word, bit 12) is set. The warning bits within IDN 12 are not latched and automatically reset when the warning condition is no longer valid. The C2D change bit is reset when IDN 12 is read through the service channel. IDN 97 may be used to mask warnings and their affect on the C2D change bit.

Bit	Description
LSB 0	Overload warning (IDN 310)
1	Reserved: Amplifier over temperature warning
2	Motor over temperature warning (IDN 312)
3	Reserved: Cooling system warning (set to 0)
4	Reserved (set to 0)
5	Reserved (set to 0)
6	Reserved (set to 0)
7	Reserved (set to 0)
8	Reserved (set to 0)
9	Reserved (set to 0)
10	Reserved (set to 0)
11	Reserved (set to 0)
12	Reserved (set to 0)
13	Reserved (set to 0)
14	Reserved (set to 0)
MSB 15	Manufacturer-defined warning flags (IDN 181)

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: Write Access: Read-only

Maximum: Serial Equivalent: Default: Availability:

# IDN 13:Class 3 Diagnostic (C3D)

**Description:** 

IDN 13 contains status flags. When an unmasked status condition changes, the corresponding status bit changes within IDN 13 and the C3D change bit (AT status word, bit 11) is set. The status bits within IDN 13 are not latched and automatically reset when the status condition is no longer valid. The C3D change bit is reset when IDN 13 is read through the service channel. IDN 98 may be used to mask particular status conditions and their affect on the C3D change bit.

Bit	Description	
LSB 0	Reserved: Nfdbk = Ncmd	
1	Reserved: Nfdbk = 0	
2	Reserved:   Nfdbk   <   N threshold	
3	Reserved:   Torque   =  Torque threshold	
4	Reserved:   Torque   =  Torque limit	
5	Reserved:   Ncmd   >   N limit	
6	In Position (IDN 57)	
7	Reserved:   Power   =   Power threshold	
8	Reserved	
9	Reserved:   Nfdbk   =Min spindle speed	
10	Reserved:   Nfdbk   =Max spindle speed	
11	Reserved	
12	Reserved	
13	Reserved	
14	Reserved	
MSB 15	Manufacturer-defined status flags (IDN 182)	

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: Write Access: Read-only

Maximum: Serial Equivalent: Default: Availability:

#### **IDN 14: Interface Status**

**Description:** 

IDN 14 contains the current communication phase (CP) and communication fault flags. In the event of a communication fault the drive not only decelerates to a stop and releases torque, but the drive's CP is returned to 0. The cause of the communication fault is latched in IDN 14 along with the CP in which the fault occurred. The master may retrieve this information from the drive by reading IDN 14 before issuing the fault reset procedure (IDN 99). C1D (IDN 11) bit 12 is a summary fault bit for IDN 14.

Bit	Description	
0	CP	
1	CP	
2	CP	
3	MST failure	
4	MDT failure	
5	Invalid phase (CP > 4)	
6	Error during phase advance	
7	Error during phase regression	
8	Phase switch without proper acknowledgment	
9	Switching to an uninitialized operation mode	
10	Reserved: Duplicate drive addresses	
11	Reserved	
12	Reserved	
13	Reserved	
14	Reserved	
15	Reserved	

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: Write Access: Read-only

Maximum: Serial Equivalent: Default: Availability:

# **IDN 15: Telegram Type Parameter**

**Description:** 

The master uses IDN 15 to select the contents of the AT and MDT cyclic data fields. Selecting a pre-defined or standard telegram type completely defines the contents and order of cyclic data within the AT and MDT. All standard telegram types are supported except telegram type 1. Telegram type 7 or the application type telegram allows the master to define the contents and order of the AT and MDT cyclic data.

The IDNs that may be transferred as cyclic data within the AT and MDT are listed in IDN 187 and IDN 188 respectively. The maximum amount of AT and MDT cyclic data that the drive can transfer is specified in IDN185 and IDN186 respectively.

When the application telegram is selected, the master writes the desired cyclic data IDNs for the AT into IDN 16 and for the MDT into IDN 24.

IDN 15	Telegram	Telegram Cyclic Data	
Value	Туре	MDT (Commands)	AT (Feedback)
0	Standard telegram 0	None	None
1	Standard telegram 1	Torque (IDN 80)	None
2	Standard telegram 2	Velocity (IDN 36)	Velocity (IDN 40)
3	Standard telegram 3	Velocity (IDN 36)	Motor Position (IDN 51)
11			External Position (IDN 53)
4	Standard telegram 4	Position (IDN 47)	Motor Position (IDN 51)
12			External Position (IDN 53)
5	Standard telegram 5	Pos/Vel (IDN 47/36)	Motor Pos/Vel (IDN 51/40)
13			External Pos/Vel (IDN 53/40)
6	Standard telegram 6	Velocity (IDN 36)	None
7	Application telegram	Contents defined within IDN 24	Contents defined within IDN 16

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

Data Type:BinaryNon-Volatile:NoMinimum:Write Access:CP 2Maximum:Serial Equivalent:Default:0Availability:

# IDN 16: Configuration List of AT Cyclic Data

**Description:** An IDN list of the AT's cyclic data. The master fills this list with IDNs selected from a

list of configurable AT data (IDN 187) when an application telegram has been selected through IDN 15. If a standard telegram has been selected through IDN 15, the drive fills

this list with the corresponding AT cyclic data IDNs.

**Data Length:** 2 byte elements. **Units:** 

Variable length array.

Data Type: IDNNon-Volatile: NoMinimum:Write Access: CP 2Maximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: Empty list.Availability:

# IDN 17: IDN List of All Operation Data

**Description:** An IDN list of all IDNs that are supported by the drive.

**Data Length:** 2 byte elements. Units:

Variable length array.

Data Type: IDN Non-Volatile: Yes **Minimum:** Write Access: Read-only **Maximum: Serial Equivalent: Availability: Default:** 

# IDN 18: IDN List of All Operation Data for CP2

An IDN list of all data that must be written by the master during CP2. The drive's CP2 to **Description:** 

CP3 transition procedure (IDN 127) will fail if this data is not supplied by the master.

Data Length: 2 byte elements. Units:

Variable length array.

Data Type: IDN Non-Volatile: Yes Minimum: Write Access: Read-only **Maximum: Serial Equivalent: Availability: Default:** 

# IDN 19: IDN List of All Operation Data for CP3

An IDN list of all data that must be written by the master during CP3. The drive's CP3 to **Description:** 

> CP4 transition procedure (IDN 128) will fail if this data is not supplied by the master. The contents of this list will vary depending upon whether the drive has already been

configured with motor data.

**Data Length:** 2 byte elements. **Units:** 

Variable length array.

Data Type: IDN Non-Volatile: No Minimum: Write Access: Read-only **Maximum: Serial Equivalent: Default: Availability:** 

# IDN 21: IDN List of Invalid Operation Data for CP2

**Description:** A list of all IDNs that the CP2 to CP3 transition procedure (IDN 127) considers invalid.

**Data Length:** 2 byte elements. **Units:** 

Variable length array.

Data Type: IDN Non-Volatile: No Minimum: Write Access: Read-only **Maximum: Serial Equivalent: Availability: Default:** Empty list.

# IDN 22: IDN List of Invalid Operation Data for CP3

**Description:** A list of all IDNs that the CP3 to CP4 transition procedure (IDN 128) considers invalid.

**Data Length:** 2 byte elements. **Units:** 

Variable length array.

Data Type: IDN Non-Volatile: No

**Minimum:** Write Access: Read-only **Serial Equivalent: Maximum: Availability: Default:** Empty list.

# **IDN 24: Configuration List of MDT Cyclic Data**

**Description:** An IDN list of the MDT's cyclic data. The master fills this list with IDNs selected from a

list of configurable MDT data (IDN 188) when an application telegram has been selected through IDN 15. If a standard telegram has been selected through IDN 15, the drive fills

this list with the corresponding MDT cyclic data IDNs.

**Data Length:** 2 byte elements. **Units:** Empty list.

Variable length array.

Data Type: IDNNon-Volatile: NoMinimum:Write Access: CP 2Maximum:Serial Equivalent:Default:Availability:

#### **IDN 25: IDN List of All Procedure Commands**

**Description:** An IDN list of all procedure IDNs that are supported by the drive.

**Data Length:** 2 byte elements. **Units:** 

Variable length array.

Data Type: IDNNon-Volatile: YesMinimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default:Availability:

#### **IDN 30: Manufacturer Version**

**Description:** The master may retrieve a text string of the firmware version.

**Data Length:** 1 byte elements. **Units:** 

Variable length array.

**Data Type:** Text **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent: VER

**Default:** Availability:

# **IDN 32: Primary Operation Mode**

**Description:** 

Defines the drive's operational mode when the AT status word bits 8 and 9 are both 0. The master requests a particular operation mode by setting the MDT control word bits 8 and 9. The following table may be used to define the primary operation mode.

All reserved bits are not supported and must be zero. When the drive powers-up the operational mode is undefined and the master must define a primary operational mode in CP2.

Bit	Value	Description
0	000	No mode of operation
1	000	No mode of operation
2	000	No mode of operation
	001	Reserved: Torque control
	010	Velocity control
	011	Position control using motor feedback
	100	Reserved: Position control using external feedback
	101	Position control using motor and external feedback (dual loop)
3	0	Position control with follow error (IDN 159)
	1	Position control without following error
4	0	Reserved
5	0	Reserved
6	0	Reserved
7	0	Reserved
8	0	Reserved
9	0	Reserved
10	0	Reserved
11	0	Reserved
12	0	Reserved
13	0	Reserved
14	0	Command values are issued as cyclic data
	1	Reserved: Command values are issued through the service channel
15	0	Bits 0-14 are as defined above
	1	Reserved: Bits 0-14 are defined by the manufacturer

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

Data Type: BinaryNon-Volatile: NoMinimum:Write Access: CP 2

Maximum: Serial Equivalent: OpMode

**Default:** 0 **Availability:** 

# **IDN 36: Velocity Command Value**

**Description:** The master issues the velocity command to the drive through IDN 36. IDN 36 may be

used as MDT cyclic data. The velocity units depend upon the control unit cycle time

(CUCT) which is presently equal to the CCT.

**Data Length:** 4 bytes. **Units:** Counts/CUCT \* 256

Data Type: Integer Non-Volatile: No

Minimum:Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum:Serial Equivalent: JOG

**Default:** Availability:

# **IDN 37: Additive Velocity Command Value**

**Description:** An additional velocity offset that is added to the velocity command (IDN 36). IDN 37

may be used as MDT cyclic data. The velocity units depend upon the CUCT, IDN 1

which is presently equal to the CCT (IDN 2).

**Data Length:** 4 bytes. **Units:** Counts/CUCT \* 256

**Data Type:** Integer **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: Write Access: CP 2-4, EN

Maximum: Serial Equivalent: Default: 0 Availability:

# **IDN 40: Velocity Feedback Value**

**Description:** The master retrieves the velocity feedback from the drive through IDN 40. IDN 40 may

be used as AT cyclic data. The velocity units depend upon the CUCT which is presently

equal to the CCT.

**Data Length:** 4 bytes. **Units:** Counts/CUCT \* 256

Data Type: Integer Non-Volatile: No

Minimum: Write Access: Read-only Maximum: Serial Equivalent: V

**Default:** Availability:

# **IDN 41: Homing Velocity**

**Description:** Defines the drive's velocity during the drive controlled homing procedure (IDN 148).

The actual homing velocity may be limited by the bipolar velocity limit value (IDN 91).

Data Length: 4 bytes.Units: RPMData Type: IntegerNon-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: Write Access: CP 2-4, EN
Maximum: Serial Equivalent: HOMESPD

**Default:** 100 **Availability:** 

# **IDN 42: Homing Acceleration**

**Description:** Defines the drive's maximum acceleration and deceleration during the drive controlled

homing procedure (IDN 148). The homing acceleration may not be disabled through IDN

P88.

Data Length: 4 bytes.Units: RPM/sData Type: Unsigned IntegerNon-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 10 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN Maximum: 400,000 Serial Equivalent: Availability:

# **IDN 44: Velocity Data Scaling Type**

**Description:** Defines the scaling options for all velocity data. The velocity units depend upon the

CUCT which is presently equal to the CCT. Only the "no scaling" option is supported.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes. **Units:** 

Data Type:Non-Volatile:YesMinimum:Write Access:Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default:0Availability:

#### **IDN 47: Position Command Value**

**Description:** The master issues position commands to the drive through IDN 47. IDN 47 may be used

as MDT cyclic data.

**Data Length:** 4 bytes. **Units:** Counts **Data Type:** Integer **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: Write Access: CP 2-4, EN

Maximum: Serial Equivalent: Default: Availability:

# **IDN 49: Positive Position Limit Value**

**Description:** The maximum position in the positive direction. The drive generates a position limit

fault (IDN11, bit 13) when the drive reaches this limit and the software limit switches

have been enabled through the position polarity parameter (IDN 55,

bit 4).

Data Length: 4 bytesUnits: CountsData Type: IntegerNon-Volatile: Yes

**Minimum:** -2,000,000,000 **Write Access:** CP 2-4, EN **Maximum:** 2,000,000,000 **Serial Equivalent:** PMAX

**Default:** 2,000,000,000 **Availability:** 

# **IDN 50: Negative Position Limit Value**

**Description:** The maximum position in the negative direction. The drive generates a position limit

fault (IDN11, bit 13) when the drive reaches this limit and the software limit switches

have been enabled through the position polarity parameter (IDN 55,

bit 4).

**Data Length:** 4 bytes. **Units:** Counts **Data Type:** Integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes

**Minimum:** -2,000,000,000 **Write Access:** CP 2-4, EN **Maximum:** 2,000,000,000 **Serial Equivalent:** PMIN

**Default:** -2,000,000,000 **Availability:** 

# IDN 51: Position Feedback Value 1 (Motor Feedback)

**Description:** The master retrieves the motor's position feedback from the drive through IDN 51. IDN

51 may be used as AT cyclic data.

**Data Length:** 4 bytes. **Units:** Counts **Data Type:** Integer **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent: PFB

**Default:** Availability:

#### **IDN 52: Reference Distance 1**

**Description:** The distance from the machine zero point to the home position referenced through the

motor feedback.

Data Length: 4 bytes.Units: CountsData Type: IntegerNon-Volatile: Yes

Minimum:Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: 0Availability:

# IDN 53: Position Feedback Value 2 (External Feedback)

**Description:** The master retrieves the external position feedback from the drive through IDN 53. IDN

53 may be used as AT cyclic data.

**Data Length:** 4 bytes. **Units:** Counts **Data Type:** Integer **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent: PEXT

**Default:** Availability:

# **IDN 55: Position Polarity Parameter**

**Description:** 

The polarity of position command and feedback data may be switched through IDN 55. In addition, IDN 55 enables the use of software limit switches. Software limit switches may only be enabled after homing. Only bit 4 is supported and all other bits must be set to zero.

Bit	Description	Setting
LSB 0	Position command polarity:	0 = Not inverted
		1 = Inverted
1	Reserved - Additive position command polarity:	0 = Not inverted
		1 = Inverted
2	Motor feedback polarity:	0 = Not inverted
		1 = Inverted
3	Reserved - External position feedback polarity:	0 = Not inverted
		1 = Inverted
4	Position Limit values:	0 = Disabled
	Refer to IDN 49 and 50	1 = Enabled
5	Reserved – Underflow / overflow threshold:	0 = Disabled
	Refer to IDN 280 and 281	1 = Enabled
6	Reserved	Set to 0
7	Reserved	Set to 0
8	Reserved	Set to 0
9	Reserved	Set to 0
10	Reserved	Set to 0
11	Reserved	Set to 0
12	Reserved	Set to 0
13	Reserved	Set to 0
14	Reserved	Set to 0
15	Reserved	Set to 0

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

Data Type: Binary
Minimum:
Non-Volatile: Yes
Write Access: CP 2-4.

**Maximum:** Serial Equivalent: DIR or (PLIM & 0x01) << 4

**Default:** 1 **Availability:** 

# **IDN 57: Position Window**

**Description:** Specifies a position error threshold between the accumulated position command and the

position feedback. The drive is considered "in position" if the position error is below this threshold. C3D status bit 6 (IDN 13 and IDN 336) is set when the drive is within the

position window defined by IDN 57.

Data Length: 4 bytes.Units: CountsData Type: IntegerNon-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 0Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum: 32,767Serial Equivalent: PEINPOS

**Default:** 100 **Availability:** 

# IDN 76: Position Data Scaling Type

**Description:** Defines the scaling options for all position data. Only the "no scaling" option is

supported with all data referenced to the motor shaft in absolute format.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes. **Units:** 

Data Type:Non-Volatile:YesMinimum:Write Access:Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default:0Availability:

# **IDN 81: Additive Torque Command**

**Description:** An additional torque offset that is added to the torque command (IDN 80). IDN 81 may

be used as MDT cyclic data.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units: 0.1 % of motor I<sub>C</sub> (IDN 111)

Data Type: IntegerNon-Volatile: NoMinimum:Write Access: CP 4, ENMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: 0Availability:

# **IDN 84: Torque Feedback Value**

**Description:** The master retrieves the motor's torque feedback from the drive through IDN 84. IDN 84

may be assigned as AT cyclic data.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units: 0.1% of motor current (IDN 111)

Data Type: Integer
Non-Volatile: No
Write Access: Read-only

Maximum: Serial Equivalent: I \* DIPeak/MICont

**Default:** Availability:

# **IDN 88: Receive to Receive Recovery Time**

**Description:** The time required by the drive between the end of the MDT and the beginning of the

MST.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** μS

Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: 739Availability:

# **IDN 89: MDT Transmission Starting Time**

**Description:** The time at which the master should transmit the MDT during CP3 and CP4.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units: μS

Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: NoMinimum: IDN 3Write Access: CP 2Maximum: IDN 2Serial Equivalent:Default: None - the master must downloadAvailability:

# IDN 90: Command Value Processing Time

**Description:** The time required by the drive from the end of the MDT to the point at which the

received command values are used.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** μS

Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: 405Availability:

# **IDN 91: Bipolar Velocity Limit**

**Description:** Limits the motor's peak velocity, in both the clockwise (CW) and counter-clockwise

(CCW) directions, by setting a limit on the velocity loop command.

Data Length: 4 bytes.Units: RPMData Type: Unsigned IntegerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 10Write Access: CP 2-4

**Maximum:** Dependent upon motor speed **Serial Equivalent:** Element 7:

(IDN 113), bus voltage VLim Element 6: VMax

(IDN 380), motor back EMF (IDN P26), and feedback resolution (IDN 116)

**Default:** Dependent upon motor speed **Availability:** 

(IDN 113), bus voltage (IDN 380), motor back EMF (IDN P26), and feedback resolution (IDN 116)

# **IDN 92: Bipolar Torque Limit**

**Description:** Defines the maximum torque limit in both the CW and CCW direction. When a

configurable input mode (IDNP123, P125, or P127) is 8 and the corresponding configurable input (IDN P124, P126, or P128) is set, then bipolar torque limit 2 (IDN

P84) defines the maximum torque limit in both directions.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units: 0.1 % of motor I<sub>C</sub> (IDN 111)

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes **Minimum:** 0 **Write Access:** CP 2-4, EN

Maximum: Minimum of IDN 109 and Serial Equivalent: ILIM \* DIPEAK/MICONT

**IDN** 110

**Default:** Minimum of IDN 109 and **Availability:** 

**IDN 110** 

# **IDN 95: Diagnostic Message**

**Description:** The master may read a text message from IDN 95 describing a latched fault.

**Data Length:** 1 byte elements. **Units:** 

Variable length array.

**Data Type:** Text **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default:Availability:

# **IDN 96: Slave Arrangement**

**Description:** The drive's SERCOS interface address is contained in both the upper and lower bytes of

this IDN. The drive's address may range from 0 to 31 and is selected through DIP switches 5-1. A drive with an address of 0 is a repeater on the SERCOS ring. The drive

does not participate in the CP run-up but re-transmits all received data.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer Non-Volatile:

Minimum: Write Access: Read-only

**Maximum:** Serial Equivalent: (ADDR << 8) | ADDR

**Default:** Hardware defined. **Availability:** 

# **IDN 97: Class 2 Diagnostic Mask**

**Description:** When a warning condition of

When a warning condition occurs, the corresponding warning bits are set within IDN 12 and the C2D change bit (AT status word, bit 12) is set. The warning bits within IDN 12 are not latched and automatically reset when the warning condition is no longer valid. The C2D change bit is reset when IDN 12 is read through the service channel. IDN 97 may be used to mask warnings and their affect on the C2D change bit. A masked warning does not affect the contents of IDN 12, but the C2D change bit will not be affected when the masked warning changes state. When a bit in IDN 97 is clear, then the corresponding bit in IDN 12 is masked.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: 0xFFFFAvailability:

# **IDN 98: Class 3 Diagnostic Mask**

**Description:** IDN 13 contains status flags. When a status condition becomes true, the corresponding

status bit is set within IDN 13 and the C3D change bit (AT status word, bit 11) is set. The status bits within IDN 13 are not latched and automatically reset when the status condition is no longer valid. The C3D change bit is reset when IDN 13 is read through the service channel. IDN 98 may be used to mask particular status conditions and their affect on the C3D change bit. A masked status does not affect the contents of IDN 13, but the C3D change bit will not be affected when the masked status changes state. When

a bit in IDN 98 is clear, then the corresponding bit in IDN 13 is masked.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: Write Access: CP 2-4, EN

Maximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: 0xFFFFAvailability:

# IDN 99 Procedure: Reset Class 1 Diagnostic

**Description:** Attempts to clear the latched faults contained in IDNs 11, 14, and 129. The reset will

only clear faults that are no longer active. If all the faults are reset, the C1D status bit (AT bit 13) will reset. The fault reset procedure will fail if faults have been latched and

the master has not reset the drive enable control bits (MDT bits 13-15).

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type**: Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: Write Access: CP 2-4, EN
Maximum: Serial Equivalent:
Default: 0 Availability:

# **IDN 100: Velocity Loop Proportional Gain**

**Description:** Defines the velocity loop proportional gain for the proportional-integral velocity loop

controller. The type of velocity loop controller is selected through the velocity loop compensation mode (IDN P96). Larger gain values may be obtained through the velocity

loop expanded proportional gain (IDN P104).

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN

**Maximum:** 65,535 **Serial Equivalent:** GV (lower 16 bits)

**Default:** 500 **Availability:** 

# **IDN 104: Position Loop Proportional Gain**

**Description:** Defines the proportional gain for the PID position loop controller.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 0.01 (m/min)/mm α

 $0.01 \text{ (in/min)/mil } \alpha$  0.01 (kRPM/min)/rev

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum: 0.01 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN Maximum: 70.00 Serial Equivalent: GP

**Default:** Calculated **Availability:** 

### **IDN 109: Motor Peak Current**

**Description:** Defines the motor's peak rated current. When this IDN is modified, the drive enters an

uncompensated state.

Data Length: 4 bytesUnits: milliamps RMSData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 1,000Write Access: CP 2-4

Maximum: 350,000 Serial Equivalent: MIPEAK \* 100

**Default:** Motor Data **Availability:** 

# **IDN 110: Amplifier Peak Current**

**Description:** Defines the drive amplifier's peak rated current. This hardware defined variable is set

equal to twice the continuous rated current of the drive.

Data Length: 4 bytesUnits: milliamps RMSData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum:Write Access: Read-only

Maximum: Serial Equivalent: DIPEAK \* 100

**Default:** Hardware defined. **Availability:** 

#### **IDN 111: Motor Continuous Stall Current**

**Description:** Defines the motor's continuous rated current and the 100% torque reference value. When

this IDN is modified, the drive enters an uncompensated state.

Data Length: 4 bytesUnits: milliamps RMSData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 1,000Write Access: CP 2-4

Maximum: 175,000 Serial Equivalent: MICONT \* 100

**Default:** Motor Data **Availability:** 

# **IDN 112: Amplifier Rated Current**

**Description:** Defines the drive amplifier's continuous current rating. This hardware defined variable is

automatically determined by the drive.

Data Length: 4 bytesUnits: milliamps RMSData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum:Write Access: Read-only

Maximum: Serial Equivalent: DICONT \* 100

**Default:** Hardware defined. **Availability:** 

# **IDN 113: Maximum Motor Speed**

**Description:** Defines the motor's maximum recommended speed. When IDN 113 is modified, the

drive enters an uncompensated state.

Data Length: 4 bytesUnits: RPMData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 100,000Write Access: CP 2-4

Maximum: 327,670,000 Serial Equivalent: MSPEED \* 10,000

**Default:** Motor Data **Availability:** 

# **IDN 114: System Load Limit**

**Description:** Defines the system continuous current. When the system continuous current has been

exceeded for too long, the drive enters fold back. The action taken by the drive upon entering fold back depends upon the fold back mode (IDN P72). IDN 114 is reset to its default value when the motor continuous current (IDN 111) or drive continuous current

(IDN 112) is modified.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units: 0.1% of motor IC (IDN 111)

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes **Minimum:** 0 **Write Access:** CP 2-4

Maximum: Minimum of IDN 111 and 112 Serial Equivalent: ICONT \* DIPEAK/MICONT

**Default:** Minimum of IDN 109, 110, 111, **Availability:** 

and 112

# **IDN 115: External (Load) Position Feedback Type**

**Description:** The master defines the characteristics of the external feedback with IDN 115. Only bit 3 is supported and all reserved bits must be set to zero.

Bit	Description	Setting
LSB 0	Reserved - Feedback type:	0 = Rotational
		1 = Linear
1	Reserved: Distance coded reference marks:	0 = None
		1 = Present
2	Reserved: Feedback resolution:	0 = Metric
		1 = Inches
3	Direction polarity:	0 = Non inverted
		1 = Inverted
4	Reserved: Reference marker pulse quantity:	0 = 1 marker
		1 = Multiple cyclic markers
5	Reserved: Distance coded feedback count in	0 = Positive
	positive direction:	1 = Negative
6	Reserved: Measuring system type:	0 = Incremental
		1 = Absolute
7	Reserved: Absolute measuring system usage:	0 = Absolute
		1 = Incremental
8	Reserved	Set to 0
9	Reserved	Set to 0
10	Reserved	Set to 0
11	Reserved	Set to 0
12	Reserved	Set to 0
13	Reserved	Set to 0
14	Reserved	Set to 0
15	Reserved	Set to 0

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Binary **Minimum: Non-Volatile:** Yes **Write Access:** CP 2 - 3.

**Maximum:** Serial Equivalent: Bit 3 = XENCDIR

**Default:** 0 **Availability:** 

#### **IDN 116: Motor Feedback Resolution**

**Description:** Defines the motor's rotary or linear feedback resolution. When this IDN is modified on

encoder based systems, the drive enters an uncompensated state. IDN 116 cannot be

modified on resolver-based systems.

Data Length: 4 bytesUnits: Counts/RevData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: Yes

**Minimum:** 400 – Regular encoder Write Access: Encoder: CP 2-4,

4 - Sine encoder feedback Resolver: Read-only

**Maximum:** 40,000,000 **Serial Equivalent:** MENCRES \* 4 or

2^RDRES

**Default:** Motor Data (encoder systems) **Availability:** 

65536 (resolver systems)

#### **IDN 117: External Feedback Resolution**

**Description:** Defines the load's rotary or linear feedback resolution. IDN 115, bit 0 defines whether

the external feedback type is rotary or linear.

Data Length: 4 bytesUnits: Counts/RevData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 400Write Access: CP 2-3

Maximum: 40,000,000 Serial Equivalent: XENCRES \* 4

**Default:** 4096 **Availability:** 

#### **IDN 124: Standstill Window**

**Description:** The standstill window defines a velocity below which the motor is not considered

moving. This velocity threshold is used to set the C3D status bit "velocity feedback = 0" (IDN 13, bit 1). The "velocity feedback = 0" status bit is duplicated in IDN 331 for use as

a RTS

Data Length: 4 bytesUnits: RPMData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: No

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, En Maximum: 32,767 Serial Equivalent:

**Default:** 32,767 **Availability:** 

# IDN 127: Procedure: Communication Phase 3 Transition Check

**Description:** Ensures that the drive is ready to switch from CP2 to CP3. The master must successfully

execute this procedure prior to switching the CP from 2 to 3. If the procedure fails, IDN

21 contains a list of IDNs that the drive considers invalid.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

Data Type: BinaryNon-Volatile: NoMinimum:Write Access: CP 2Maximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: 0Availability:

# IDN 128: Procedure: Communication Phase 4 Transition Check

**Description:** Ensures that the drive is ready to switch from CP3 to CP4. The master must successfully

execute this procedure prior to switching the CP from 3 to 4. If the procedure fails, IDN

22 contains a list of IDNs the drive considers invalid.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

Data Type:BinaryNon-Volatile:NoMinimum:Write Access:CP 3Maximum:Serial Equivalent:Default:0Availability:

# IDN 129: Manufacturer Class 1 Diagnostic (MC1D)

**Description:** 

Lists the status of the latched manufacturer-defined drive faults. When a manufacturer-defined fault occurs, the drive decelerates to a stop and releases torque. The C1D status bit (AT bit 13) is set, IDN 11 bit 15 is set, and the corresponding manufacturer-defined fault bit is set within IDN 129. All manufacturer-defined faults are latched within IDN 129 and are reset through the "Reset Class 1 Diagnostic" procedure (IDN 99).

Bit	Description
LSB 0	Non-volatile data memory fault
1	Non-volatile data memory checksum fault
2	Reserved
3	Reserved
4	Reserved
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Reserved
8	Invalid drive/motor configuration. This fault may occur under the
	following circumstances:
	A) Invalid drive/motor compensation parameters
	B) Invalid control loops (IDN 181, bit 4)
	C) An encoder has not been initialized (IDN 181, bit 5)
9	Motor over speed fault (IDN P85)
10	Reserved
11	Reserved
12	Control unit synchronization bit did not toggle (IDN P152)
13	Control unit synchronization bit changed prematurely (IDN P152)
14	External communication fault
MSB 15	Internal firmware fault. Contact factory

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent: STATUS

**Default:** Availability:

# **IDN 130: Probe 1 Positive Edge Value**

**Description:** The probing procedure (IDN 170) is used to capture the motor (or load) position when a

digital input changes. IDN 130 contains the captured position when the probing

procedure is configured, through the probe control parameter (IDN 169, bit 0), to capture the position on the rising edge of the digital input. IDN 130 may be configured as AT

cyclic data.

Data Length: 4 bytes.Units: CountsData Type: IntegerNon-Volatile: No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default:Availability:

# **IDN 131: Probe 1 Negative Edge Value**

**Description:** The probing procedure (IDN 170) is used to capture the motor (or load) position when a

digital input changes. IDN 131 contains the captured position when the probing

procedure is configured, through the probe control parameter (IDN 169, bit 1), to capture the position on the falling edge of the digital input. IDN 131 may be configured as AT

cyclic data.

Data Length: 4 bytes.Units: CountsData Type: IntegerNon-Volatile: No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default:Availability:

#### **IDN 134: Master Control Word**

**Description:** The MDT telegram's control word is stored as IDN 134 as a diagnostic aid. IDN 134 is

only updated in CP 4.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes. Units:

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default:Availability:

#### **IDN 136: Positive Acceleration Limit Value**

**Description:** Defines the drive's maximum positive acceleration when the acceleration/deceleration

limit enable (IDN P88) is set.

Data Length: 4 bytes.Units: RPM/sData Type: IntegerNon-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 10 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN Maximum: 400,000 Serial Equivalent: ACC

**Default:** 400,000 **Availability:** 

# **IDN 137: Negative Acceleration Limit Value**

**Description:** 

Defines the drive's maximum deceleration (negative acceleration) when the acceleration/deceleration limit enable (IDN P88) is set. The drive alternately uses the quick deceleration limit (IDN P87) under the following conditions: position limits are encountered, a fault has occurred, or the master has requested an active disable.

The quick deceleration limit (IDN P87) is always used by the drive when those conditions occur and is independent of the deceleration limit enable (IDN P88).

Presently, the drive does not support MDT control bit 13 (halt/restart), so clearing MDT control bit 13 causes an active disable at the quick deceleration rate followed by a torque

Minimum: -400000 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN
Maximum: -10 Serial Equivalent: DEC

**Default:** -400,000 **Availability:** 

# **IDN 141: Motor Type**

**Description:** The motor type IDN contains the name of the motor connected to the drive.

**Data Length:** 1 byte elements. **Units:** 

Variable length array.

**Data Type:** Text **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum:Write Access: CP 2-4, EnMaximum:Serial Equivalent: Motor

**Default:** Motor Data **Availability:** 

## **IDN 147: Homing Parameter**

**Description:** 

The drive controlled homing procedure (IDN 148) is configured through IDN 41, IDN 42, IDN 52, IDN 147, and IDN 150. Only bits 0-2, and 5-7 are supported and all other bits must be set to zero.

Bit	Description	Setting
LSB 0	Homing direction:	$0 = CW \ 1 = CCW$
1	Home switch polarity:	0 = Active on rising edge
		1 = Active on falling edge
2	Home switch location:	0 = Master 1 = Drive
3	Reserved - feedback source:	0 = Motor 1 = External
4	Reserved - Home enable evaluation:	Set to 0
5	Home switch evaluation:	0 = Evaluate
		1 = Not evaluated
6	Marker pulse evaluation:	0 = Evaluate
		1 = Not evaluated
7	Stop criteria:	0 = After position capture
		1 = On home position
8	Reserved	Set to 0
9	Reserved	Set to 0
10	Reserved	Set to 0
11	Reserved	Set to 0
12	Reserved	Set to 0
13	Reserved	Set to 0
14	Reserved	Set to 0
15	Reserved	Set to 0

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

Data Type: Binary Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: Write Access: CP 2-4, EN.

**Maximum:** Serial Equivalent: [IDN 147] = [IDN

147] | (HOMETYPE << 5)

## **IDN 148: Procedure: Drive Controlled Homing**

**Description:** 

The drive automatically enters an internal position mode and homes the drive. Homing is configured through the homing velocity (IDN 41), homing acceleration (IDN 42), reference distance 1 (IDN 52), homing parameter (IDN 147), and the reference offset (IDN 150). The homing acceleration may not be disabled through IDN P88.

The homing procedure fails under the following conditions:

- 1. The probing procedure (IDN 170) is active.
- 2. The home switch is located on the drive (IDN 147, bit 2 is set) and is evaluated during homing (IDN 147, bit 5 is clear) and a configurable input has not been configured as a home switch input. Configurable inputs are configured through IDNs P123, P125, and P127.
- 3. The home switch is located on the master (IDN 147, bit 2 is clear) and will be evaluated during homing (IDN 147, bit 5 is clear) and the home enable signal (IDN 407) has not been configured as a RTC.
- 4. A fault occurs during drive controlled homing.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

Data Type:BinaryNon-Volatile:NoMinimum:Write Access:CP 4, ENMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default:0Availability:

### **IDN 150: Motor Reference Offset**

**Description:** 

Used during the homing to determine the motor's position feedback relative to the machine zero point. The motor reference offset is the distance from the home marker to the home position. The motor position (IDN 51) relative to the machine zero point at the homing marker is equal to the reference distance 1 (IDN 52) minus the motor reference offset (IDN 150).

Data Length: 4 bytes.Units: CountsData Type: IntegerNon-Volatile: Yes

Minimum:Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: 0Availability:

### **IDN 155: Friction Torque Compensation**

**Description:** An additive torque value that is used when accelerating from a standstill in order to

compensate for the affects of coulomb friction.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 0.1 % of motor continuous current

(IDN 111)

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN

Maximum: Depends upon IDNs 110 Serial Equivalent: IFRIC \* DIPEAK/MICONT

and 111.

### **IDN 159: Monitoring Window**

**Description:** The monitoring window defines the maximum position error. When the absolute distance

between the active position command and active position feedback exceeds the monitoring window, an "excessive position deviation" fault is generated (IDN 11, bit 11). Following error fault monitoring may be enabled or disabled through the operational

mode (IDN 32, bit 3).

Data Length: 4 bytes.Units: CountsData Type: Unsigned IntegerNon-Volatile: Yes

Minimum:Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum:Serial Equivalent: PEMAX

**Default:** 2,147,483,647 **Availability:** 

### **IDN 160: Acceleration Data Scaling Type**

**Description:** Defines the scaling options for all acceleration data. Only the "no scaling" option is

supported.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes. Units:

Data Type:Non-Volatile:YesMinimum:Write Access:Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default:0Availability:

### **IDN 163: Weight Counter Balance**

**Description:** An additive torque value used when accelerating from a standstill to compensate for the

effects of coulomb friction.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units: 0.1 % of motor I<sub>C</sub> (IDN 111)

**Data Type:** Integer Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: Depends upon IDNs Write Access: CP 2-4, EN

110 and 111.

Maximum: Depends upon IDNs Serial Equivalent: IGRAV \* DIPEAK/MICONT

110 and 111.

### **IDN 169: Probe Control Parameter**

**Description:** 

The probe control parameter defines the input signal edge that will result in a position capture during the probing procedure (IDN 170). Only probing level 1 is supported. Therefore, only bits 0 and 1 are supported and only one active edge may be selected.

Bit	Description	Setting
LSB 0	Probe 1 - Capture on positive edge:	0 = Inactive
		1 = Active
1	Probe 1 - Capture on negative edge:	0 = Inactive
		1 = Active
2	Reserved - Probe 2 - Capture on positive edge:	0 = Inactive
		1 = Active
3	Reserved - Probe 2 - Capture on negative edge:	0 = Inactive
		1 = Active
4	Reserved	Set to 0
5	Reserved	Set to 0
6	Reserved	Set to 0
7	Reserved	Set to 0
8	Reserved	Set to 0
9	Reserved	Set to 0
10	Reserved	Set to 0
11	Reserved	Set to 0
12	Reserved	Set to 0
13	Reserved	Set to 0
14	Reserved	Set to 0
15	Reserved	Set to 0

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: NoData Type: BinaryNon-Volatile:

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN.

Maximum: 2 Serial Equivalent: Default: 0 Availability:

### **IDN 170: Procedure: Probing**

**Description:** 

Probing is used to capture the motor (or external) position when a digital input changes. Probing level 1 is supported. Therefore, only 1 probe input is supported that may trigger a position capture using only one edge (rising or falling, but not both) of the digital input signal. The probe control parameter (IDN 169) is used to configure the digital input edge that causes a position capture. Once the probe procedure is started by the master, it continues indefinitely until either the master cancels the probing procedure or an error occurs. The probing procedure fails under the following conditions:

The homing procedure (IDN 148) is active. A flexible input has not been configured as a position capture input. Flexible inputs are configured through IDNs P123, P125, and P127.

During the probing procedure, the master arms the probe trigger by setting the probe 1 enable signal (IDN 405). After the probe trigger has been armed, the next rising or falling edge (as specified in IDN 169) on the probe 1 input (IDN 401) latches the motor or external position and causes a probe latch status (IDN 179) bit to set. Any further changes in the probe 1 input are ignored until the master re-arms the probe trigger by clearing and setting the probe 1 enable signal. The master may read the captured position through either the probe 1 positive edge value (IDN 130) or the probe 1 negative edge value (IDN 131).

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

Data Type: BinaryNon-Volatile: NoMinimum:Write Access: CP 4, ENMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: 0Availability:

### **IDN 179: Probe Position Latch Status**

**Description:** 

The probe status parameter indicates whether a position has been captured and latched within IDN 130 or 131. Each supported status bit may be assigned to a RTS bit using IDN 409 or 410.

Bit	Description	Setting
LSB 0	Probe 1 - Position latched on positive edge:	0 = No
		1 = Latched
1	Probe 1 - Position latched on negative edge:	0 = No
		1 = Latched
2	Reserved - Probe 2 - Position latched on positive edge:	0 = No
		1 = Latched
3	Reserved - Probe 2 - Position latched on negative edge:	0 = No
		1 = Latched
4	Reserved	Set to 0
5	Reserved	Set to 0
6	Reserved	Set to 0
7	Reserved	Set to 0
8	Reserved	Set to 0
9	Reserved	Set to 0
10	Reserved	Set to 0
11	Reserved	Set to 0
12	Reserved	Set to 0
13	Reserved	Set to 0
14	Reserved	Set to 0
15	Reserved	Set to 0

Data Length: 2 bytes

**Data Type:** Binary **Minimum:** 0

Maximum: 2 **Default:** 0 **Units:** 

 $\textbf{Non-Volatile:} \ \mathbf{No}$ 

Write Access: Read-only

Serial Equivalent: Availability:

### IDN 181: Manufacturer Class 2 Diagnostic (MC2D)

**Description:** 

Lists the status of the manufacturer-defined drive warnings. When an unmasked manufacturer-defined warning condition changes, the C2D change bit (AT status word, bit 12) is set, the manufactured defined warning summary bit (IDN 12, bit 15) is set, and the corresponding warning bits within MC2D are changed appropriately.

The warning bits within the MC2D are not latched and are automatically reset when the warning condition is no longer valid. The manufactured defined warning summary bit (IDN 12, bit 15) is cleared when IDN 181 is read through the service channel. The C2D change bit is reset when IDN 12 is read through the service channel. IDN P150 may be used to mask manufacturer-defined warnings and their affect on the C2D change bit and the manufacturer-defined warning summary bit.

Bit	Warning Description
LSB 0	Hardware CW limit switch (IDN P136)
1	Hardware CCW limit switch (IDN P137)
2	Hardware CW limit switch disabled (IDN P135) or not routed (IDN P123, P125, P127)
3	Hardware CCW limit switch disabled (IDN P135) or not routed (IDN P123, P125, P127)
4	Invalid controller warning
5	Encoder not initialized warning
6	Reserved
7	Reserved
8	Reserved
9	Reserved
10	Reserved
11	Reserved
12	Reserved
13	PLL unlocked
14	AT telegram processing over-run
15	MDT telegram processing over-run

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: Write Access: Read-only

**Maximum:** Serial Equivalent: Bit 0 = CW, bit 1 = CCW

### IDN 182: Manufacturer Class 3 Diagnostic (MC3D)

**Description:** 

Lists the status of the manufacturer-defined drive statuses. When an unmasked manufacturer-defined status condition changes, the C3D change bit (AT status word, bit 11) is set, the manufactured defined status summary bit (IDN 13, bit 15) is set, and the corresponding status bits within MC3D are changed appropriately. The status bits within the MC3D are not latched and are automatically reset when the status condition is no longer valid. The manufactured defined status summary bit (IDN 13, bit 15) is cleared when IDN 182 is read through the service channel. The C3D change bit is reset when IDN 13 is read through the service channel. IDN P151 may be used to mask manufacturer-defined statuses and their affect on the C3D change bit and the manufacturer-defined status summary bit.

Bit	Description
0	Hold Mode Active (IDN P153)
1	Reserved
2	Reserved
3	Reserved
4	Reserved
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Reserved
8	Reserved
9	Reserved
10	Reserved
11	Reserved
12	Reserved
13	Reserved
14	Reserved
15	Reserved

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default:Availability:

### IDN 185: Maximum Length of AT Configurable Data

**Description:** Defines the maximum length, in bytes, of the AT's cyclic data field. The master may use

this IDN to determine how many IDNs may be placed within the application telegram

(refer to IDN 15).

Data Length: 2 bytes.Units: BytesData Type: Unsigned IntegerNon-Volatile: Yes

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: 8Availability:

### IDN 186: Maximum Length of MDT Configurable Data

**Description:** Defines the maximum length, in bytes, of the MDT's cyclic data field. The master may

use this IDN to determine how many IDNs may be placed within an application telegram

(refer to IDN 15).

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: BytesData Type: Unsigned IntegerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: 8Availability:

### IDN 187: List of AT Configurable Data IDNs

**Description:** Lists all the IDNs that may be transferred as AT cyclic data. The master may use this

IDN to determine the IDNs that may be placed within an application telegram (refer to

IDN 15). The following IDNs may be assigned as AT cyclic data:

IDN	Description
36	Velocity command value
37	Additive velocity command
40	Velocity feedback value
47	Position command value
51	Position feedback value 1 (motor)
53	Position feedback value 2 (external)
81	Additive torque command value
84	Torque feedback value
130	Probe 1 positive edge value
131	Probe 1 negative edge value
P146	Inputs status
P161	Analog input value

**Data Length:** 2 byte elements. **Units:** 

Variable length array.

Data Type: IDN Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default:Availability:

### **IDN 188: List of MDT Configurable Data IDNs**

**Description:** Lists all the IDNs that may be transferred as MDT cyclic data. The master may use this

IDN to determine the IDNs that may be placed within an application telegram (refer to

IDN 15). The following IDNs may be assigned as MDT cyclic data:

IDN	Description
36	Velocity command value
37	Additive velocity command value
47	Position command value
81	Additive torque command value

**Data Length:** 2 byte elements. **Units:** 

Variable length array.

Data Type: IDN Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default:Availability:

### **IDN 189: Following Distance**

**Description:** Defines the position error as the position command value minus the motor (or external)

feedback value.

Data Length: 4 bytes.Units: CountsData Type: IntegerNon-Volatile: No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent: PE

**Default:** Availability:

### **IDN 191: Procedure: Cancel Reference Point**

**Description:** The drive resets the "position feedback value status" (IDN 403). This procedure fails if

the homing procedure (IDN 148) is active.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: Write Access: CP 2-4, EN

Maximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: 0Availability:

### IDN 192: IDN List of Back-up Operation Data

**Description:** Contains a list of IDNs that the master may use to create a back-up data set for the drive.

**Data Length:** Variable length array Units:

of 2 byte elements.

Data Type: IDN Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: Write Access: Read-only.

Maximum: Serial Equivalent: Dump

### **IDN 207: Drive Off Delay Time**

**Description:** Sets the amount of time that the drive remains enabled after the "drive off" control bit

(MDT control word, bit 15) has been reset (active disable) and the motor speed is below

the active disable threshold speed (IDN P16).

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: 0.1 mSData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 0.0 mSWrite Access: CP 2-4, EnMaximum: 6553.5 mSSerial Equivalent: DisTime

**Default:** 10.0 mS **Availability:** 

### IDN 263: Procedure: Load Working Memory

**Description:** Loads all data saved in non-volatile memory into "active" system memory.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

Data Type: BinaryNon-Volatile: NoMinimum:Write Access: CP 2-4Maximum:Serial Equivalent: LOAD

**Default:** 0 **Availability:** 

### **IDN 264: Procedure: Back-up Working Memory**

**Description:** Stores all data necessary for operation into non-volatile memory. Previously saved

operation data will be over written.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary Non-Volatile: No

Minimum: Write Access: CP 2-4, EN
Maximum: Serial Equivalent: SAVE

**Default:** 0 **Availability:** 

### **IDN 296: Velocity Feed Forward Gain**

**Description:** Defines a multiplier of the velocity command, which is generated by the position profile,

that is added to the velocity loop command in order to reduce the velocity dependent

following error.

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: 0.1%Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN
Maximum: 2000 Serial Equivalent: GPVFR

## IDN 301: Realtime Control (RTC) Bit 1 Allocation

#### **Description:**

Assigns a control signal IDN to RTC bit 1 (MDT control word bit 6). Two RTC bits are defined within the MDT control word (bits 6 and 7) and may be updated every communication cycle by the master. The following rules govern the assignment and use of a RTC bit (i.e., writing IDN 301 or 303):

- 1. Only certain control signal IDNs of type binary may be assigned to the RTC allocation IDNs. The exception is IDN 0, which indicates that the corresponding RTC bit is undefined.
- 2. RTC bits 1 and 2 are not allocated to the same IDN. The exception is IDN 0.
- 3. A service channel writes to an IDN allocated as a RTC bit generates a write-protect error (i.e., the RTC bit's IDN is write protected when the RTC bit assignment is made).
- 4. The master adheres to the following timing rules when allocating and de-allocating RTC bits. The rules depend upon whether the previous or next RTC bit assignment uses IDN 0.
  - Arr Case: IDN 301/303 = 0 -> IDN 301/303 = RTC bit IDN (allocation)
  - ➤ The master must define the RTC bit within the MDT control word prior to writing IDN 301/303 element 7.
  - $\triangleright$  Case: IDN 301/303 = RTC bit IDN -> IDN 301/303 = 0 (de-allocation)
  - ➤ The previously assigned RTC bit remains valid in the MDT control word until the drive's service channel busy bit is reset.
  - Case: IDN 301/303 = RTC bit IDN -> IDN 301/303 = RTC bit IDN (reallocation)
- 5. The state of the current RTC bit remains valid in the MDT control word until the master transmits the write request of the RTC allocation IDN element 7. When the drive sets the busy bit, the master begins to transmit the new RTC bit within the MDT

**WARNING:** In the period between writing IDN 301/303 element 7 until the busy bit is reset, the master must ensure that RTC bit value transmitted within the MDT control word does not lead to invalid operation states. Generally, this is only possible when the RTC bit has not been assigned (i.e., IDN 301/303 = 0 before the RTC bit IDN assignment). The transition from an active RTC bit assignment to another RTC bit assignment is only safe when IDN 0 is assigned to the RTC bit as an intermediate step.

The drive adheres to the following timing rules when a RTC bit being allocated and deallocated:

- 1. A new RTC bit assignment is evaluated by the drive prior to the service channel busy bit being reset (i.e., a write to IDN 301 or 303 defines the new IDN signal level from bits 7 or 6 of the MDT control word before the busy bit is reset).
- 2. The evaluation of the previous RTC bit within the drive ceases before the service channel busy bit is reset.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

Data Type:IDNNon-Volatile:NoMinimum:Write Access:CP 4, ENMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default:0Availability:

### IDN 303: Realtime Control (RTC) Bit 2 Allocation

**Description:** Assigns a control signal IDN to RTC bit 2 (MDT control word bit 7). Two RTC bits are

defined within the MDT control word (bits 6 and 7) and are updated every communication cycle by the master. For further information refer to IDN 301.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

Data Type:IDNNon-Volatile:NoMinimum:Write Access:CP 4, ENMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default:0Availability:

### IDN 304: Realtime Status (RTS) Bit 1

**Description:** The value of the IDN assigned to RTS bit 1. **Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

Data Type: Binary Non-Volatile: No

Minimum: Write Access: Read-only
Maximum: Serial Equivalent:
Default: 0 Availability:

## IDN 305: Realtime Status (RTS) Bit 1 Allocation

**Description:** 

Assigns a status signal IDN to RTS bit 1 (AT status word bit 6). Two RTS bits are defined within the AT status word (bits 6 and 7) and updated by the drive during CP 4. The following rules govern the assignment and use of a RTS bit (i.e., writing IDN 305 or 307):

- 1. Only certain status signal IDNs of type binary are assigned to the RTS allocation IDNs. The exception is IDN 0, which indicates that the RTS bit is undefined.
- 2. The master no longer evaluates a previous RTS assignment after transmitting a write request for element 7 of a RTS bit allocation IDN.
- 3. The previously assigned RTS bit remains valid until the service channel busy bit is set.
- 4. The master does not start evaluating a new RTS bit assignment until the service channel busy bit is reset by the drive.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

Data Type:IDNNon-Volatile:NoMinimum:Write Access:CP 4, ENMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default:0Availability:

### IDN 306: Realtime Status (RTS) Bit 2

**Description:** The value of the IDN assigned to RTS bit 2. **Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: 0Availability:

### IDN 307: Realtime Status (RTS) Bit 2 Allocation

**Description:** Assigns a status signal IDN to RTS bit 2 (AT status word bit 7). Two RTS bits are

defined within the AT status word (bits 6 and 7) and updated by the drive during CP 4.

For further information refer to IDN 305.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

Data Type:Non-Volatile:NoMinimum:Write Access:CP 4, ENMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default:0Availability:

### **IDN 310: Overload Warning**

**Description:** The over load warning bit becomes set when the system load level (IDN 114) has been

exceeded for too long and the drive enters fold back. In fold back the drive current is gradually limited (in an exponential fashion) to the value defined in IDN 114. The amount of time that the drive may remain in fold back, without issuing a fault, is defined by the fold back mode (IDN P72) and the fold back warning time (IDN P73). IDN 310

duplicates the C2D over load warning bit

(IDN 12, bit 0) and is useful for assigning the over load warning signal to a RTS bit.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent: FOLD

**Default:** 0 **Availability:** 

### **IDN 312: Motor Over Temperature Warning**

**Description:** The motor over temperature warning bit becomes set when the motor thermostat opens

indicating an over heated motor. The amount of time that may elapse, without issuing a fault, is defined by the motor over temperature mode (IDN P140). IDN 312 duplicates the C2D motor over temperature warning bit (IDN 12, bit 2) and is useful for assigning

the motor over temperature warning signal to a RTS bit.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent: THERM

**Default:** 0 **Availability:** 

### IDN 331: Status: Velocity Feedback = 0

**Description:** A status signal IDN that is set when the velocity feedback (IDN 40) is within the

standstill window (IDN 124). IDN 331 duplicates the C3D "Nfdbk = 0" status bit (IDN

13, bit 1) and may be assigned to a RTS.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: Write Access: Read-only

Maximum: Serial Equivalent: Default: Availability:

#### **IDN 336: Status: In Position**

**Description:** A status signal IDN that is set when the motor feedback is following the commanded

position within the range set by the position window (IDN 57). IDN 336 duplicates the

C3D "in position" status bit (IDN 13, bit 6) and may be assigned to a RTS.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Binary **Minimum:**Non-Volatile: No

Write Access: Read-only

Maximum: Serial Equivalent: INPOS the "in position"

status signal to a RTS bit.

**Default:** 0 **Availability:** 

### **IDN 348: Acceleration Feed-Forward Gain**

**Description:** Defines a multiplier of the acceleration command, which is generated by the position

profile, that is added to the current loop command in order to reduce the acceleration

dependent following error.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 0.1% **Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN
Maximum: 2000 Serial Equivalent: GPAFR

**Default:** 0 **Availability:** 

### **IDN 380: DC BUS Voltage**

**Description:** Defines the drive's DC bus voltage and compensates the current controller. When this

IDN is modified, the drive enters a "no-compensation" state, requiring execution of the

reset procedure (IDN 99).

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: VoltsData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 10Write Access: CP 2-4Maximum: 850Serial Equivalent: VBUS

**Default:** Drive Data **Availability:** 

### **IDN 400: Home Switch Status**

**Description:** Contains the state of the home switch. The digital input used as home switch input is

assigned through the use of IDNs P123, P125, or P127. IDN 400 is useful for assigning

the home switch signal to a RTS bit.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: Write Access: Read-only

Maximum: Serial Equivalent: IN1, IN2, or IN3

#### **IDN 401: Probe 1**

**Description:** Contains the state of the probe 1 input. The digital input used as a probe is assigned

through the use of IDN P123, P125, or P127. IDN 401 is useful for assigning the probe

signal to a RTS bit.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: 0Availability:

#### **IDN 403: Position Feedback Value Status**

**Description:** 

When the drive switches the position feedback values to the coordinates referred to the machine zero point, the drive sets bit 0 of this IDN in order to inform the control unit that all actual position values are based on the zero point of the machine.

Bit 0 is reset when either the drive controlled homing procedure (IDN 148) or the "Cancel reference point" procedure (IDN 191) is started or when the drive loses its reference to the zero point of the machine. The Position feedback value status may be assigned to a RTS. Structure of position feedback value status:

Bit	Description
LSB 0	0 - Position feedback value not referenced to machine zero point
	1 - Position feedback value referenced to machine zero point
1	Not used
2	Not used
3	Not used
4	Not used
5	Not used
6	Not used
7	Not used
8	Not used
9	Not used
10	Not used
11	Not used
12	Not used
13	Not used
14	Not used
15	Not used

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: Write Access: Read-only Maximum: Serial Equivalent:

**Default:** 0 **Availability:** SERCOS 1.7.6

#### **IDN 405: Probe 1 Enable**

**Description:** Used to arm the position capture mechanism so that the next valid probing signal edge

captures the current position into IDN 130 or 131. Refer to IDN 170 for more

information. The probe 1 enable signal may be assigned to a RTC.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: Write Access: CP 2-4, EN

Maximum: Serial Equivalent: Default: 0 Availability::

### **IDN 409: Probe 1 Positive Edge Latched Status**

**Description:** 

Indicates whether captured position data has been latched within IDN 130 after the rising edge of the probe 1 input signal (IDN 401). Position data is only latched on the positive edge of probe 1 if the probing procedure (IDN 170) is active and the probe control parameter (IDN 169) has been configured to use the positive edge of probe 1. Additionally, probe 1 must be armed by setting the probe 1 enable (IDN 405). After arming probe 1, the next probe 1 rising edge captures the current position and the "probe 1 positive edge latched status" is set when the captured data is available in IDN 130. Once the latched status has been set, no more position captures occur on the rising edges of the probe 1 input until the master re-arms probe 1 by clearing and setting the probe 1 enable. Clearing the probe 1 enable signal resets the latch status.

IDN 409 duplicates information found in the probe status (IDN 179, bit 0) and is useful for assigning the "probe 1 positive edge latched status" to a RTS bit.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: 0Availability:

### IDN 410: Probe 1 Negative Edge Latched Status

**Description:** 

Indicates whether captured position data has been latched within IDN 131 after the falling edge of the probe 1 input signal (IDN 401). Position data is only latched on the negative edge of probe 1 if the probing procedure (IDN 170) is active and the probe control parameter (IDN 169) has been configured to use the negative edge of probe 1. Additionally, probe 1 must be armed by setting the probe 1 enable (IDN 405). After arming probe 1, the next probe 1 falling edge captures the current position and the "probe 1 negative edge latched status" is set when the captured data is available in IDN 131. Once the latched status has been set, no more position captures occur on the falling edges of the probe 1 input until the master re-arms probe 1 by clearing and setting the probe 1 enable. Clearing the probe 1 enable signal resets the latch status.

IDN 410 duplicates information found in the probe status (IDN 179, bit 1) and is useful for assigning the "probe 1 negative edge latched status" to a RTS bit.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: 0Availability:

### IDN P15: (32, 783) Drive Disable Status

**Description:** Indicates drive conditions that prevent a drive from being enabled. A set bit indicates an active condition that may prevent the drive from being enabled.

Bit	Description	
LSB 0	Remote Enable input	
1	Master enable input (MDT enable bits)	
2	DIP switch enable input (DIP switch 8)	
3	Active faults (IDN 11)	
4	Velocity loop design failure	
5	Encoder not initialized.	
6	Reserved (set to zero)	
7	Reserved (set to zero)	
8	Reserved (set to zero)	
9	Reserved (set to zero)	
10	Reserved (set to zero)	
11	Reserved (set to zero)	
12	Reserved (set to zero)	
13	Reserved (set to zero)	
14	Reserved (set to zero)	
15	CP less than 4	

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary Non-Volatile: No

Minimum: Write Access: Read-only

**Maximum:** Serial Equivalent: Status word 1 (bits 0 - 5)

**Default:** Availability:

### IDN P16: (32, 784) Active Disable Threshold Speed

**Description:** When the motor speed drops below the active disable threshold speed during an active

disable process, the drive off delay time (IDN 207) begins to count down. After the drive

off delay time has expired, the drive is disabled.

Data Length: 4 bytesUnits: RPMData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, En

Maximum: 14,999 Serial Equivalent: DisSpeed

**Default:** 50 **Availability:** 

# IDN P17: (32, 785) Procedure: Clear Non-Volatile Memory

**Description:** When this procedure executes successfully the drive nulls it's non-volatile memory and

enters a "no-compensation" state. The "no-compensation" state may be cleared through

the fault reset procedure (IDN 99).

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No **Minimum: Write Access:** CP 2-4

Maximum: Serial Equivalent: CLREEPROM

### IDN P22: (32, 790) Number of Motor Poles

**Description:** The number of motor poles is used for commutation control and represents the number of

individual magnetic poles of the motor (not pole pairs). When this IDN is modified, the drive will enter a "no-compensation" state, which may be cleared through the fault reset

procedure (IDN 99).

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: PolesData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 2Write Access: CP 2-4

Maximum: 80 Serial Equivalent: MPOLES

**Default:** Motor Data **Availability:** 

### IDN P23: (32, 791) Rotor's Moment of Inertia

**Description:** The motor rotor inertia (IDN P23) in conjunction with the load to motor moment of

inertia ratio (IDN P101) defines the system's moment of inertia. The load to motor moment of inertia ratio (IDN P101), the motor inertia (IDN P23), and the closed loop bandwidth (IDN P100) are used to define the standard pole placement (SPP) velocity

controller.

Data Length: 4 bytesUnits:  $K_g \circ m^2 \circ 10^{-6}$ Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 1Write Access: CP 2-4Maximum: 2,000,000,000Serial Equivalent: MJ

**Default:** Motor Data **Availability:** 

### IDN P24: (32, 792) Linear Motor Pole Pitch

**Description:** Defines the pole pitch for a linear motor. The pole pitch for a linear motor is the length

of one electrical cycle (360 electrical degrees).

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** mm per 360 electrical degrees

Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 1Write Access: CP 2-4Maximum: 500Serial Equivalent: MPitch

**Default:** 16 **Availability:** 

### IDN P25: (32, 793) Minimum Motor Inductance

**Description:** The minimum line-to-line motor inductance is used to design the current loop controller

and as an input to the torque angle control algorithms. When this IDN is modified, the drive enters a "no-compensation" state, which may be cleared through the fault reset

procedure (IDN 99).

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** milli-Henries \* 10 -2

Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 1Write Access: CP 2-4Maximum: 32,767Serial Equivalent: MLMIN

**Default:** Motor Data **Availability:** 

### IDN P26: (32, 794) Motor Back EMF Constant

**Description:** The back EMF constant is used to design the current loop controller. When this IDN is

modified, the drive enters a "no-compensation" state, which may be cleared through the

fault reset procedure (IDN 99).

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units: Volts (RMS) / kRPM

Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 1Write Access: CP 2-4Maximum: 3900Serial Equivalent: MBEMF

**Default:** Motor Data **Availability:** 

### IDN P27: (32, 795) Motor Back EMF Compensation

**Description:** Defines the amount of back EMF compensation, as a percentage, that is applied to the

motor command.

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: PercentData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 1 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN

Maximum: 100 Serial Equivalent: MBEMFCOMP

**Default:** Motor Data **Availability:** 

# IDN P28: (32, 796) Current Loop Adaptive Gain at Peak Current

**Description:** Defines the current loop adaptive gain value at peak motor current (IDN 109). The

current based adaptive gain algorithm increases current loop stability by reducing the current loop gain as the motor current increases. The current loop adaptive gain is configured by defining the gain values at peak motor current (IDN P28), continuous motor current (IDN P29), and zero motor current (typically 100%). All other gains between zero, continuous, and peak motor current are interpolated linearly. When this IDN is modified, the drive enters a "no-compensation" state, which may be cleared

through the fault reset procedure (IDN 99).

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: Percent \* 10.Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 1 to 10 percentWrite Access: CP 2-4

Maximum: 100 to 1000 percent Serial Equivalent: MLGAINP

**Default:** 4 to 40 percent **Availability:** 

# IDN P29: (32, 797) Current Loop Adaptive Gain at Continuous Current

**Description:** Defines the current loop adaptive gain value at continuous motor current

(IDN 111). The current based adaptive gain algorithm increases current loop stability by reducing the current loop gain as the motor current increases. The current loop adaptive gain is configured by defining the gain values at peak motor current (IDN P28), continuous motor current (IDN P29), and zero motor current (typically 100%).

All other gains between zero, continuous, and peak motor current are interpolated linearly. When this IDN is modified, the drive will enter a "no-compensation" state,

which may be cleared through the fault reset procedure (IDN 99).

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: Percent \* 10.Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 1 to 10 percentWrite Access: CP 2-4

Maximum: 100 to 1000 percent Serial Equivalent: MLGAINC

**Default:** 8 to 80 percent **Availability:** 

# IDN P30: (32, 798) Current Loop Adaptive Gain at Zero Current

**Description:** 

Defines the current loop adaptive gain value at zero motor current. The current based adaptive gain algorithm increases current loop stability by reducing the current loop gain as the motor current increases. The current loop adaptive gain is configured by defining the gain values at peak motor current (IDN P28), continuous motor current (IDN P29), and zero motor current (IDN P30, typically 100%). All other gains between zero, continuous, and peak motor current are interpolated linearly. When this IDN is modified, the drive enters a "no-compensation" state, which may be cleared through the fault reset

procedure (IDN 99).

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: Percent \* 10.Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 1 to 10 percentWrite Access: CP 2-4

Maximum: 100 to 1000 percent Serial Equivalent: MLGainZ

**Default:** 10 to 100 percent **Availability:** 

# IDN P31: (32, 799) Torque Angle Advance at Continuous Current

**Description:** Defines the torque related commutation angle advance at the motor's continuous current

rating (IDN 111). Torque angle advance helps to increase reluctance torque.

For surface magnet motors the typical advance value is 5 electrical degrees. For motors with embedded magnets, the typical advance value ranges from 8 to 10 electrical

degrees.

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN
Maximum: 45 Serial Equivalent: MTANGLC

# IDN P32: (32, 800) Torque Angle Advance at Peak Current

**Description:** Defines the torque related commutation angle advance at the motor's peak current rating

(IDN 109). Torque angle advance helps to increase reluctance torque. For surface magnet motors the typical advance value is 10 electrical degrees. For motors with embedded

magnets, the typical advance value ranges from 23 to 25 electrical degrees.

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN
Maximum: 45 Serial Equivalent: MTANGLP

Default: 23 Availability:

# IDN P33: (32, 801) Velocity Angle Advance at Maximum Speed

**Description:** 

Defines the velocity related commutation angle advance at the motor's maximum speed (IDN 113). The velocity angle advance is configured by defining the angle advance at maximum motor speed (IDN P33) and half motor speed (IDN P34). The angle advance between full and half speed is linearly interpolated.

After non-volatile memory has been cleared, IDN P33 is set to 10. The drive's configuration algorithm bases the default velocity angle advance values on the maximum motor speed (IDN 113) and the number of motor poles (IDN P22). However, if the master changes any of the velocity angle advance values, the changed values are not modified during the drive's configuration process.

Data Length: 2 bytes Units: Electrical degrees.

Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 0Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum: 90Serial Equivalent: MVANGLF

**Default:** Calculated from motor data. **Availability:** 

# IDN P34: (32, 802) Velocity Angle Advance at Half Speed

**Description:** 

Defines the velocity related commutation angle advance at half the motor's maximum speed (IDN 113). The velocity angle advance is configured by defining the angle advance at maximum motor speed (IDN P33) and half motor speed (IDN P34). The angle advance between full and half speed is linearly interpolated.

After non-volatile memory has been cleared, IDN P34 is set to 5. The drive's configuration algorithm bases the default velocity angle advance values on the maximum motor speed (IDN 113) and the number of motor poles (IDN P22). However, if the master changes any of the velocity angle advance values, the changed values are not modified during the drive's configuration process.

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN
Maximum: 90 Serial Equivalent: MVANGLH

**Default:** Calculated from motor data. **Availability:** 

### IDN P35: (32, 803) Hall Sensor Inversion

**Description:** Allows the master to invert the polarity of the hall sensor feedback signals used by the drive. A hall channel is inverted if the corresponding bit in IDN P35 is set.

Bit	Description
LSB 0	Phase A inversion
1	Phase B inversion
2	Phase C inversion
3	Reserved (set to 0)
4	Reserved (set to 0)
5	Reserved (set to 0)
6	Reserved (set to 0)
7	Reserved (set to 0)
8	Reserved (set to 0)
9	Reserved (set to 0)
10	Reserved (set to 0)
11	Reserved (set to 0)
12	Reserved (set to 0)
13	Reserved (set to 0)
14	Reserved (set to 0)
15	Reserved (set to 0)

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** Yes **Minimum:** 0 **Write Access:** CP 2-4

Maximum: 7 Serial Equivalent: MHINVX

**Default:** 0 (no channels inverted) **Availability:** 

### IDN P36: (32, 804) Motor Encoder Offset

**Description:** Specifies the distance from electrical zero to the index marker. The process of

determining the encoder offset depends upon the motor's encoder type (IDN P37). If the system has hall sensors and a marker pulse, the "find index marker" procedure (IDN P62) is used to determine the motor encoder offset. If the system only has a marker pulse (no hall sensors), the "encoder initialization" procedure (IDN P60) is executed first to find an

electrical zero and then the "find index marker" procedure (IDN P62) is used to

determine the motor encoder offset.

Data Length: 4 bytesUnits: Encoder countsData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 0Write Access: CP 2-4

Maximum: Motor encoder resolution Serial Equivalent: MENCOff

(IDN 116) - 1

**Default:** Motor data **Availability:** 

(120 degrees if undefined)

### IDN P37: (32, 805) Motor Encoder Type

**Description:** Specifies whether an encoder based system includes a marker pulse and/or hall sensors and is used to determine the encoder initialization method.

Motor Encoder Definitions (IDN P37)			
Encoder Type	Marker	Halls	<b>Encoder Initialization Method</b>
0	Yes	Yes	IDN P62 Procedure
1	Yes	No	IDN P60 and IDN P62 Procedures
3	No	No	IDN P60 Procedure
6	No	Yes	IDN P60 Procedure

All unlisted encoder types are not supported. For encoder types 0 and 1, the "find index marker" procedure is only required if the encoder offset (IDN P36) is unknown. When this IDN is modified, the drive will enter a "no-compensation" state, which may be cleared through the reset procedure (IDN 99).

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes **Minimum:** 0 **Write Access:** CP 2-4

Maximum: 6 Serial Equivalent: MENCTYPE

**Default:** Motor data (0 if undefined) **Availability:** 

## IDN P38: (32, 806) Encoder/Resolver Relative Phase Offset

**Description:** 

Defines the encoder/resolver phase relative to the "standard" commutation table. This IDN can be used to compensate for resolver offset and should be set to 0 when no resolver offset is present. Modifying the phase offset will not change the value of the absolute mechanical position relative to the marker (IDN P64) or the feedback hardware counter (IDN P63), nor will a modification create a physical change in the position of the motor shaft

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: Electrical degrees.Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 0Write Access: CP 2-4

Maximum: 359 Serial Equivalent: MPHASE

**Default:** Motor data. **Availability:** 

## IDN P39: (32, 807) Number of Resolver Poles

**Description:** Defines the number of poles within the feedback device and is used for commutation and

velocity feedback scaling. When this IDN is modified, the drive will enter a "no-compensation" state, which may be cleared through the reset procedure (IDN 99).

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** Individual poles (not pole pairs)

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes **Minimum:** 0 (encoder systems), **Write Access:** CP 2-4

2 (resolver systems)

Maximum: 60 Serial Equivalent: MRESPOLES

**Default:** Motor data. **Availability:** 

### IDN P43: (32, 811) Motor Type

**Description:** Specifies the type of motor the drive is controlling.

<b>Motor Type</b>	Description
0	Permanent magnet rotary
	motor
1	Reserved Do not use
2	Permanent magnet linear motor

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes **Minimum:** 0 **Write Access:** CP 2-4

Maximum: 2 Serial Equivalent: MOTORTYPE

**Default:** 0 **Availability:** 

### IDN P56: (32, 824) Hall Sensor Status

**Description:** Indicates the hall switch values on encoder feedback systems.

Bit	Description	
LSB 0	Phase A	
1	Phase B	
2	Phase C	
3	Reserved (set to 0)	
4	Reserved (set to 0)	
5	Reserved (set to 0)	
6	Reserved (set to 0)	
7	Reserved (set to 0)	
8	Reserved (set to 0)	
9	Reserved (set to 0)	
10	Reserved (set to 0)	
11	Reserved (set to 0)	
12	Reserved (set to 0)	
13	Reserved (set to 0)	
14	Reserved (set to 0)	
15	Reserved (set to 0)	

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

Data Type: BinaryNon-Volatile: NoMinimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent: HALLS

**Default:** Availability:

### IDN P59: (32, 827) Encoder Initialization Current

**Description:** Defines the B-C phase current during the encoder initialization procedure (IDN P60).

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units: Percent of motor I<sub>C</sub> (IDN 111)

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum: 1 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN

Maximum: 100 Serial Equivalent: IENCSTART

### IDN P60: (32, 828) Procedure: Initialize Encoder

#### **Description:**

The encoder initialization procedure is used to initialize encoder systems that do not have hall sensors and/or a marker pulse (refer to IDN P37). The initialization process rotates the motor to a known electrical position by placing current (IDN P59) from motor terminal B to motor terminal C. For encoder systems with no halls (encoder types 1 and 3), the drive may not be enabled until this procedure has been started or the motor has been previously rotated to a known electrical position. To initialize the encoder, the master should:

- 1. Start the procedure with the drive disabled.
- 2. Wait for the "encoder not initialized" warning bit (IDN 181, bit 5) to go low.
- 3. Enable the drive. At this point the drive automatically rotates to find a known electrical position.
- 4. Monitor the procedure change bit and/or the procedure status for
- 5. completion.
- 6. Set the position command by reading the drive's feedback (IDN 51).
- 7. Cancel the procedure.
- 8. The encoder initialization procedure may fail under the following conditions:
- 9. If the homing procedure (IDN 148), step procedure (IDN P184), or tune procedure (IDN P188) are active.

The drive is enabled when the procedure starts.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No **Minimum: Write Access:** CP 4, En

Maximum: Serial Equivalent: ENCSTART

**Default:** 0 **Availability:** 

# IDN P62: (32, 830) Procedure: Find Marker Encoder Initialization

**Description:** 

Determines the distance from electrical zero to the index marker (IDN P36) for encoder based systems that have a marker (IDN P37). For systems that do not have halls, the initialize encoder procedure (IDN P60) must be executed first to determine the electrical zero position. The initialization process requires rotating the motor until the encoder index is found.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No **Minimum: Write Access:** CP 4

Maximum: Serial Equivalent: ENCINIT

## IDN P63: (32, 831) Position Feedback Hardware Counter

**Description:** Returns the position feedback directly from the feedback hardware counter. **For** 

**resolver-based systems**, the position ranges from 0 to 65,535 counts per electrical revolution. The number of resolver electrical revolutions per mechanical revolution is equal to the number of resolver poles (IDN P39) divided by 2. **For encoder-based systems**, the position is based upon the quadrature pulse input and ranges from –2048 to

+2048 counts.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** Counts. **Data Type:** Integer **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent: HWPOS

**Default:** Availability:

# IDN P64: (32, 832) Absolute Mechanical Position Relative to Marker

**Description:** Returns the absolute position of the feedback device. The absolute position always

ranges from 0 to 65,535 counts per mechanical revolution and the resolution depends upon the feedback resolution (IDN 116). **On encoder-based systems**, IDN P64 does not return meaningful or useful data until the encoder has been initialized. Refer to the encoder type (IDN P37), encoder initialization procedure (IDN P60), and the find marker

procedure (IDN P62) for more information on initializing encoder systems.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** Counts. **Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent: PRD

**Default:** Availability:

# IDN P65: (32, 833) Encoder Equivalent Output Resolution

**Description:** Returns the resolution of the encoder Equivalent output channel. **For encoder-based** 

**systems**, the encoder equivalent output resolution may not be modified and is equal to the encoder resolution (IDN 116). **For resolver-based systems**, the encoder Equivalent output resolution may be set to 2048, 4096, 8192, and 16384 counts per revolution.

Encoder equivalent output resolutions of 8192 and 16384 counts per revolution are only available when the bipolar velocity limit (IDN 91) is less than 6100 RPM (resolver

resolution equal to 16384 or 65535) on resolver based systems.

**Data Length:** 4 bytes **Units:** Counts/revolution **Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes

**Minimum:** Write Access: Resolver: CP 2-4,

Encoder: Read-only

**Maximum:** Serial Equivalent: ENCOUT \* 4

### IDN P66: (32, 834) Resolver Inter-LSB Mode

**Description:** 

Specifies the operational mode of the inter-LSB algorithm. The inter-LSB algorithm interpolates between the least significant bits (LSBs)of the resolver feedback, which improves performance when the resolver resolution is low, the bandwidth is high, and the command velocity is low.

ILSB Mode	Description	
0	Algorithm disabled	
1	Algorithm enabled for velocity feedback	
2	Reserved	

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer

Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 0

Write Access: CP 2-4

Maximum: 2 Serial Equivalent: ILSBMODE

**Default:** 0 **Availability:** 

### IDN P67: (32, 835) Feedback Status

**Description:** Contains the primary feedback type and the condition that caused a feedback loss fault (IDN 11, bit 5) to occur.

Bit	Description	
LSB 0	Resolver line break	
1	Resolver to digital converter error bit (following error)	
2	Reserved (set to zero)	
3	Encoder line break: A/B input	
4	Encoder line break: Index input	
5	Illegal hall sensor state	
6	Sine encoder line break: C/D input	
7	Sine encoder A/B lines out of range	
8	Sine encoder burst overflow	
9	Reserved (set to zero)	
10	Reserved (set to zero)	
11	Reserved (set to zero)	
12	Reserved (set to zero)	
13	Feedback type:	
14	000 = Resolver	
15	001 = Encoder	
	010 = Sine Encoder	
	011 = Tachometer	

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary Non-Volatile: No

Minimum: Write Access: Read-only.

**Maximum:** Serial Equivalent: Status 2, word 1 (bits 0 - 12)

### IDN P72: (32, 840) Fold Back Fault Handling Mode

**Description:** 

When the system continuous current or load limit (IDN 114) has been exceeded for too long, the drive enters fold back and sets the overload warning bit (IDN 12, bit 0 and IDN 310). In fold back the drive current is gradually limited (in an exponential fashion) to the system load limit (IDN 114). The amount of time that the drive remains in fold back without issuing a fault, is defined by the fold back mode (IDN P72) and the fold back time (IDN P73).

Mode	Fold Back Fault Handling	
0	No fault is issued	
1	Issue a fault after the time limit set by IDN P73 has expired	
2	Issue a fault immediately upon detection	

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN

Maximum: 2 Serial Equivalent: FOLDMODE

**Default:** 0 **Availability:** 

### IDN P73: (32, 841) Fold Back Warning Time

**Description:** The fold back warning time specifies the amount of time to wait before issuing an over

load shut down fault (IDN 11, bit 0) after detecting a system overload (IDN 12, bit 0). The fold back warning time is only valid when the fold back fault handling mode (IDN

P72) has been configured to use a programmable warning time (IDN P72 = 1).

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: SecondsData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 1 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN
Maximum: 300 Serial Equivalent: FOLDTIME

**Default:** 30 **Availability:** 

## IDN P77: (32, 845) Dynamic Braking Mode

**Description:** Sets the mode of dynamic braking operation. See also IDN P78.

## ModeDescription0No braking operation1Brake on fault only

2 Brake on fault and/or drive disable



Faults do not include Over Voltage or Power Stage Faults!

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN

Maximum: 2Serial Equivalent: STOPMODEDefault: 0Availability: SERCOS 2.0.0

### IDN P78: (32, 846) Dynamic Braking Current

**Description:** Sets the current command for the braking function. See also IDN P77.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units: 0.1 % of motor I<sub>C</sub> (IDN 111)

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer

Minimum: 0

Non-Volatile: Yes

Write Access: CP 2-4, En

Maximum: Minimum of IDN 111 and 112 Serial Equivalent: ISTOP \* DIPEAK/MICONT

**Default:** Depends upon IDN 112 **Availability:** SERCOS 2.0.0

### IDN P84: (32, 852) Bipolar Torque Limit 2

**Description:** Defines the maximum torque limit in both the clockwise and counter-clockwise direction

when a configurable input mode (IDNP123, P125, or P127) is 8 and the corresponding configurable input (IDN P124, P126, or P128) is set. Otherwise, the bipolar torque limit

(IDN 92) defines the maximum torque limit in both directions.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units: 0.1 % of motor  $I_C$  (IDN 111)

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN

Maximum: Minimum of IDN 109 Serial Equivalent: ILim2 \* DIPEAK/MICONT

and IDN 110.

**Default:** 0.1 \* Minimum of IDN 109 **Availability:** 

and IDN 110.

### IDN P85: (32, 853) Motor Over Speed Trip Set Point

**Description:** Exceeding the motor over speed set point causes a motor over speed fault (IDN 129, bit

9). The default value is 20% above the maximum system velocity (IDN 91 maximum

value), but the set point may be reduced by the master for system protection.

Data Length: 4 bytesUnits: RPMData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 10Write Access: CP 2-4Maximum: IDN 91 maximum value \* 1.2Serial Equivalent: VOSPD

**Default:** IDN 91 maximum value \* 1.2 **Availability:** 

### IDN P87: (32, 855) Quick Deceleration Rate

**Description:** Defines the drive's deceleration (negative acceleration) limit under the following

conditions: position limits are encountered, a fault has occurred, or the master has requested an active disable. The quick deceleration rate is always used by the drive when those conditions occur and is independent of the acceleration or deceleration limit enable (IDN P88). Presently, the drive does not support MDT control bit 13 (halt/restart), so clearing MDT control bit 13 causes an active disable at the quick deceleration rate

followed by a torque release.

Data Length: 4 bytesUnits: RPM/secondData Type: IntegerNon-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: -1000 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN

Maximum: -32,767,000 Serial Equivalent: DECSTOP \* -1000

**Default:** -5,000,000 **Availability:** 

# IDN P88: (32, 856) Acceleration/Deceleration Limit Enable

**Description:** 

Enables or disables the use of acceleration (IDN 136) or deceleration (IDN137) ramp limits. The ramp limit enable is associated with IDN 136 and IDN 137 and does not affect motor deceleration under the following conditions: position limits are encountered, a fault has occurred, or the master has requested an active disable.

Under these conditions, the quick deceleration rate (IDN P87) is always used as the ramp limit, independent of the ramp limit enable setting. Presently, the drive does not support MDT control bit 13 (halt/restart), so clearing MDT control bit 13 causes an active disable at the quick deceleration rate followed by a torque release.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes **Minimum:** 0 (ramp limits disabled) **Write Access:** CP 2-4

Maximum: 1 (ramp limits enabled) Serial Equivalent: PROFMODE

**Default:** 0 **Availability:** 

### IDN P89: (32, 857) Velocity Loop APP Input Filter

**Description:** 

Defines the filter at the input of the advanced pole placement (APP) velocity controller. The array represented by this IDN includes five integers that represent the polynomial coefficients, and two shift parameters, one that scales each polynomial. The type of velocity loop controller is selected through the velocity loop compensation mode (IDN P96). The APP controller is not updated until the "design APP velocity controller" procedure (IDN P105) is executed successfully.

The array contents have the following definition:

Array Element	Description	Element Range	
1,2,3,5,6	Polynomial coefficients	-32,768 to 32,767	
4, 7	Polynomial coefficient shift factor	0 to 32,767	

**Data Length:** 2 byte elements. **Units:** 

Variable length array.

**Data Type:** Integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum:Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum:Serial Equivalent: VFIDefault: 1 0 0 0 0 0 0Availability: SERCOS 2.0.0

# IDN P90: (32, 858) Velocity Notch Filter Center Frequency

**Description:** Sets the center frequency of the notch filter used in the velocity loop. This IDN only

affects the system when the velocity loop filter mode (IDN P93) is 3 and the advance

pole placement velocity loop compensation mode (IDN P96) is inactive.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units: Hz

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 30 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN
Maximum: 1000 Serial Equivalent: NOTCHHZ

### IDN P91: (32, 859) Velocity Notch Filter Band Width

**Description:** Sets the bandwidth, measured at the 3 dB points, of the notch filter used in the velocity

loop. This IDN only affects the system when the velocity loop filter mode (IDN P93) is 3 and the advance pole placement velocity loop compensation mode (IDN P96) is inactive.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units: Hz

Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 1Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum: 100Serial Equivalent: NOTCHBW

**Default:** 1 **Availability:** 

## IDN P92: (32, 860) Velocity Feedback Compensation Filter

**Description:** Enables or disables the use of a 400 Hz low pass filter in the velocity feedback loop. This

IDN only affects the system when the high frequency SPP velocity loop compensation

mode (IDN P96) is inactive.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer

Non-Volatile: No

Minimum: 0 (LPF disabled)

Write Access: CP 2-4

Maximum: 1 (LPF enabled) Serial Equivalent: COMPFILT

**Default:** Based upon hardware **Availability:** 

### IDN P93: (32, 861) Velocity Loop Filter Mode

**Description:** Speci

Specifies the type and number of filters that affect the PI, PDFF, and SPP velocity loop controllers. The filters are not used when the APP velocity loop controller is active. The velocity loop controller is selected through the velocity loop compensation mode (IDN P96).

Mode	Description	
0	No filtering	
1	A single first order low pass filter. The cutoff frequency is defined	
	though IDN P94	
2	Two first order low pass filters. The cutoff frequencies are defined	
	through IDN P94 and IDN P95	
3	Notch filter. The center frequency is selected through IDN P90. The	
	bandwidth is selected through IDN P91	

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN
Maximum: 3 Serial Equivalent: FILTMODE

# IDN P94: (32, 862) Velocity Low Pass Filter 1 Frequency

**Description:** Sets the cut-off frequency of the first low pass filter used in the velocity loop. This IDN

only affects the system when the velocity loop filter mode (IDN P93) is 1 or 2 and the advance pole placement velocity loop compensation mode (IDN P96) is inactive.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units: Hz

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum: 20 Hz steps Write Access: CP 2-4, EN
Maximum: 800 in 20 Hz steps. Serial Equivalent: LPFHZ1

**Default:** 500 **Availability:** 

# IDN P95: (32, 863) Velocity Low Pass Filter 2 Frequency

**Description:** Sets the cut-off frequency of the second low pass filter used in the velocity loop. This

IDN only affects the system when the velocity loop filter mode (IDN P93) is 2 and the advance pole placement velocity loop compensation mode (IDN P96) is inactive.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** Hz

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 20 Hz steps Write Access: CP 2-4, EN
Maximum: 800 in 20 Hz steps. Serial Equivalent: LPFHZ2

### IDN P96: (32, 864) Velocity Loop Compensation Mode

**Description:** Defines the type of velocity loop controller used by the drive.

	Velocity Loop	
Mode	Controller	Loop Variables
0	Proportional Integral (PI)	IDN 100 Velocity loop PI proportional gain
		IDN P103 Velocity loop PI integral gain
1	Pseudo Derivative Feedback	IDN P97 Velocity loop PDFF proportional gain
	with Feed Forward (PDFF)	IDN P98 Velocity loop PDFF integral gain
		IDN P99 Velocity loop PDFF to feedback gain ratio
2	Low Frequency Standard	IDN P23 Motor rotor moment of inertia
	Pole Placement (SPP)	IDN P100 Velocity loop SPP bandwidth ( =200 Hz)
		IDN P101 Velocity loop SPP load to motor inertia ratio
		IDN P102 Velocity loop SPP tracking factor
3	Advanced Pole Placement	IDN P89 Velocity loop APP input filter
	(APP)	IDN P105 Procedure: Design APP velocity controller
		IDN P106 Velocity loop APP forward path polynomial
		IDN P107 Velocity loop APP feedback path polynomial
		IDN P108 Velocity loop APP feed forward path polynomial
		IDN P109 Velocity loop APP output filter
4	High Frequency Standard	IDN P23 Motor rotor moment of inertia
	Pole Placement (SPP)	IDN P100 Velocity loop SPP bandwidth ( =400 Hz)
		IDN P101 Velocity loop SPP load to motor inertia ratio
		IDN P102 Velocity loop SPP tracking factor

Successfully executing the tune procedure may modify the velocity loop variables.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes **Minimum:** 0 **Write Access:** CP 2-4

Maximum: 4 Serial Equivalent: COMPMODE

Default: 2 Availability:

# IDN P97: (32, 865) Velocity Loop PDFF Proportional Gain

**Description:** Defines the velocity loop proportional gain for the "pseudo derivative feedback with feed

forward" velocity loop controller. The type of velocity loop controller is selected through

the velocity loop compensation mode (IDN P96).

**Data Length:** 4 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN Maximum: 1,000,000,000 Serial Equivalent: KV

### IDN P98: (32, 866) Velocity Loop PDFF Integral Gain

**Description:** Defines the velocity loop integral gain for the "pseudo derivative feedback with feed

forward" velocity loop controller. The type of velocity loop controller is selected through

the velocity loop compensation mode (IDN P96).

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 0Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum: 65,535Serial Equivalent: KVI

**Default:** 1000 **Availability:** 

# IDN P99: (32, 867) Velocity Loop PDFF to Feedback Gain Ratio

**Description:** Defines the velocity loop feed forward to feedback gain ratio for the "pseudo derivative

feedback with feed forward" velocity loop controller. The type of velocity loop controller is selected through the velocity loop compensation mode (IDN P96).

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN Maximum: 1000 ?100 % Serial Equivalent: KVFR

**Default:** 0 **Availability:** 

### IDN P100: (32, 868) Velocity Loop SPP Bandwidth

**Description:** Defines the velocity control loop bandwidth for the SPP velocity loop controllers. The

type of velocity loop controller is selected through the velocity loop compensation mode

(IDN P96).

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units: Hz

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum: 10 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN Maximum: 200 (low freq SPP), Serial Equivalent: BW

400 (high freq SPP)

**Default: 20** Availability:

# IDN P101: (32, 869) Velocity Loop SPP Load to Motor Inertia Ratio

**Description:** Defines the velocity loop's estimated load moment of inertia relative to the motor's

moment of inertia. This IDN is used to design the velocity SPP controllers. The type of velocity loop controller is selected through the velocity loop compensation mode (IDN

P96).

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units: % of the motor inertia (IDN P23)

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN Maximum: 10,000 Serial Equivalent: LMJR

### IDN P102: (32, 870) Velocity Loop SPP Tracking Factor

**Description:** Defines the velocity loop's damping factor for the SPP velocity loop controllers. The

type of velocity loop controller is selected through the velocity loop compensation mode (IDN P96). As the damping factor approaches zero, the system's overshoot is diminished while sacrificing some tracking ability. As the damping factor approaches 200, the system may overshoot more but will have improved steady state tracking ability.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN Maximum: 200 Serial Equivalent: TF

**Default:** 100 **Availability:** 

### IDN P103: (32, 871) Velocity Loop Integral Gain

**Description:** Defines the velocity loop integral gain for the proportional-integral velocity loop

controller. The type of velocity loop controller is selected through the velocity loop

compensation mode (IDN P96).

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 0Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum: 65,535Serial Equivalent: GVI

**Default: 20** Availability:

# IDN P104: (32, 872) Velocity Loop Expanded Proportional Gain

**Description:** Defines the velocity loop proportional gain for the proportional-integral velocity loop

controller. The type of velocity loop controller is selected through the velocity loop compensation mode (IDN P96). The least significant 16 bits of IDN P104 are duplicated

within IDN 100.

**Data Length:** 4 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN Maximum: 1,000,000,000 Serial Equivalent: GV

## IDN P105: (32, 873) Procedure: Design APP Velocity Controller

**Description:** This procedure is used to tune the drive for the APP mode (IDN P96, mode 3). With the

APP algorithm utilized in the drive, the interaction of the variables is too dramatic to allow variables to be changed one by one. Therefore, as pole placement algorithm IDNs are written, the new values are buffered without changing the actual values used by the control loops. Once all desired new values have been acquired, the operator runs "design APP velocity controller" procedure, and all parameters of APP mode are written to the

control loops simultaneously.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum:Serial Equivalent: REFRESHDefault: 0Availability: SERCOS 2.0.0

## IDN P106: (32, 874) Velocity Loop APP Forward Path Polynomial

**Description:** 

Defines the velocity loop APP controller's forward path polynomial. The type of velocity loop controller is selected through the velocity loop compensation mode (IDN P96). The APP controller is not updated until the "design APP velocity controller" procedure (IDN P105) is executed successfully. The array contents have the following definition:

Array Element	Description	Element Range	
1	Polynomial coefficients.	-32,768 to 32,767	
2	Polynomial coefficients.	-32,768 to 32,767	
3	Polynomial coefficients.	-32,768 to 32,767	
4	Polynomial coefficients.	-32,768 to 32,767	
5	Polynomial coefficients.	-32,768 to 32,767	
6	Polynomial coefficient shift factor.	0 to 15	

**Data Length:** 2 byte elements. **Units:** 

Variable length array.

**Data Type:** Integer Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum:Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum:Serial Equivalent: VDDefault: 0 0 0 0 0 0Availability: SERCOS 2.0.0

# IDN P107: (32, 875) Velocity Loop APP Feedback Path Polynomial

**Description:** 

Defines the velocity loop APP controller's feedback path polynomial. The type of velocity loop controller is selected through the velocity loop compensation mode (IDN P96). The APP controller is not updated until the "design APP velocity controller" procedure (IDN P105) is executed successfully. The array contents have the following definition:

Array Element	Description	Element Range
1, 3, 5, 7	Polynomial coefficients.	-2,147,483,647 to
		2,147,483,647
2, 4, 6, 8	Polynomial coefficient shift factor.	0 to 32,767

**Data Length:** 4 byte elements. **Units:** 

Variable length array.

**Data Type:** Integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum:Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum:Serial Equivalent: VHDefault: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0Availability: SERCOS 1.7.6

# IDN P108: (32, 876) Velocity APP Feed-forward Path Polynomial

**Description:** 

Defines the velocity loop APP controller's feed-forward path polynomial. The type of velocity loop controller is selected through the velocity loop compensation mode (IDN P96). The APP controller is not updated until the "design APP velocity controller" procedure (IDN P105) is executed successfully. The array contents have the following definition:

Array Element	Description	Element Range
1, 3, 5	Polynomial coefficients.	-2,147,483,647 to 2,147,483,647
2, 4, 6	Polynomial coefficient shift factor.	0 to 32,767

**Data Length:** 4 byte elements. **Units:** 

Variable length array.

**Data Type:** Integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum:Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum:Serial Equivalent: VRDefault: 0 0 0 0 0 0Availability: SERCOS 1.7.6

### IDN P109: (32, 877) Velocity Loop APP Output Filter

**Description:** 

Defines the filter at the output of the APP velocity controller. The array represented by this IDN includes five integers that represent the polynomial coefficients, and two shift parameters, one that scales each polynomial. The type of velocity loop controller is selected through the velocity loop compensation mode (IDN P96). The APP controller is not updated until the "design APP velocity controller" procedure (IDN P105) is executed successfully. The array contents have the following definition:

Array Element	Description	Element Range	
1,2,3,5,6	Polynomial coefficients	-32,768 to 32,767	
4, 7	Polynomial coefficient shift factor	0 to 32,767	

**Data Length:** 2 byte elements. **Units:** 

Variable length array.

Data Type: IntegerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum:Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum:Serial Equivalent: VFDefault: 1 0 0 0 0 0 0Availability: SERCOS 2.0.0

IDN P110: (32, 878) Micro-Interpolator Mode

**Description:** 

The drive's fine  $\mu I$  generates intermediate commands at the position loop servo rate by curve fitting a cubic spline between the commands sent by the master every CUCT (IDN 1). Therefore, when the  $\mu I$  is active, the drive expects the master to generate command data one time step CUCT ahead of its actual use. The  $\mu I$  mode (IDN P110) specifies whether the  $\mu I$  is enabled and the type of integration technique used by the  $\mu I$  to generate intermediate position, velocity feed forward, and acceleration feed forward commands. The master should match the  $\mu I$  algorithm with its own coordinate generation algorithm to ensure that the resulting motion is smooth.

In order to have the  $\mu I$  active, position and velocity commands (IDNs 36 and 47) must be assigned as cyclic data within the MDT telegram. The CUCT must be no greater than 6 mS. In addition, the control unit synchronization bit - MDT control word, bit 10 (CUSB) monitoring must be enabled (IDN P152) if the CUCT

(IDN 1) differs from the CCT (IDN 2). If the  $\mu I$  mode is non-zero then these conditions must be met in order to successfully execute the CP2 to CP3 transition procedure (IDN 127).

Mod	Description	
е		
0	μI inactive.	
1	Trapezoidal rule integration algorithm	
2	Zero order hold (delay)	
3	Forward difference integration algorithm	

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: NoMinimum: 0Write Access: CP 2Maximum: 3Serial Equivalent:Default: 0Availability:

### IDN P115: (32, 883) Acceleration Feed Forward Gain 2

**Description:** Defines a multiplier of the acceleration command, which is generated by the position

profile, that is fed through the velocity loop in order to reduce the acceleration dependent

following error.

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: 0.1%Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: Yes

**Minimum:** -10,000 to -1000.0 % **Write Access:** CP 2-4, EN **Maximum:** 10,000 to 1000.0 % **Serial Equivalent:** GPAFR2

**Default:** 0 **Availability:** 

### IDN P116: (32, 884) Position Loop Derivative Gain

**Description:** Defines the position loop derivative gain for the proportional-integral-derivative position

loop controller. Setting the derivative gain to 1,000 results in unity gain on the derivative

term.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN Maximum: 32,767 Serial Equivalent: GPD

**Default:** 0 **Availability:** 

### IDN P117: (32, 885) Position Loop Integral Gain

**Description:** Defines the position loop integral gain for the proportional-integral-derivative position

loop controller. When the integral gain is set to 10,000 then the integral gain equals the

proportional gain (integral term: GP \* GPI/10000).

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN Maximum: 10,000 Serial Equivalent: GPI

**Default:** 0 **Availability:** 

## IDN P118: (32, 886) Position Loop Integrator Input Saturation Limit

**Description:** Limits the input of the position loop integrator by setting the input saturation. When used

with the integrator output saturation limit (IDN P119), the master is able to make the position loop integrator effective only near the target position and the integrator is not

dominant in the loop dynamics farther from the target position.

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN
Maximum: 1,000,000 Serial Equivalent: GPISATIN

**Default:** Availability:

### IDN P119: (32, 887) Position Loop Integrator Output Saturation Limit

**Description:** Limits the output of the position loop integrator by setting the output saturation. When

used with the integrator input saturation limit (IDN P118), the master is able to make the position loop integrator effective only near the target position and the integrator is not

dominant in the loop dynamics farther from the target position.

**Data Length:** 4 bytes **Units:** Counts **Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN

Maximum: 1,000,000 Serial Equivalent: GPISATOUT

**Default:** 0 **Availability:** 

### IDN P120: (32, 888) Drive DIP Switch Status

**Description:** Retrieves the settings of the DIP switches located on the top of the drive. Switch 10 is closest to the 7 segment LED display. If a DIP switch is vertical, when facing the front of

the drive, then its logic level is 0 (low). If a DIP switch is leaning to the right, when

facing the front of the drive, then its logic level is 1 (high).

Bit	Switch	Description	Setting
LSB 0	1	SERCOS address	LSB of SERCOS address
1	2		Bit 1 of SERCOS address
2	3		Bit 2 of SERCOS address
3	4		Bit 3 of SERCOS address
4	5		MSB of SERCOS address
5	6	SERCOS/Serial	0 = 2 MBits/S (SERCOS) 9600 baud (Serial)
		baud rate	1 = 4 MBits/S (SERCOS) 19200 baud (Serial)
6	7	Hold Mode	0 = Disabled
			1 = Enabled
7	8	Drive Disable	0 = Enable
			1 = Disable
8	9	SERCOS	0 = Low
		transmitter power	1 = High
9	10	Firmware load.	0 = Normal operations 1 = Ember
10		Reserved	Set to 0
11		Reserved	Set to 0
12		Reserved	Set to 0
13		Reserved	Set to 0
14		Reserved	Set to 0
15		Reserved	Set to 0

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

Data Type: BinaryNon-Volatile: YesMinimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent: DIP

**Default:** Availability:

### IDN P121: (32, 889) DIP Switch Enable Status

**Description:** Indicates the DIP switch enable status. This IDN must be 1 (DIP switch 8 off or low) in

order for the drive to be enabled by the master. IDN P121 may be assigned to a RTS bit.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

Data Type:BinaryNon-Volatile:YesMinimum:Write Access:Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:DIPEN

**Default:** Availability:

### IDN P122: (32, 890) Remote Enable Switch Status

**Description:** Indicates the state of the external hardware enable input signal. IDN P122 must be 1 in

order for the drive to be enabled by the master. IDN P122 may be assigned to a RTS bit.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

Data Type:Non-Volatile:YesMinimum:Write Access:Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:REMOTE

**Default:** Availability::

### IDN P123: (32, 891) Configurable I/O: Input 1 Mode

**Description:** Sets the functionality of digital input 1 which may be read through IDN P124. The following functions are available:

Mode	Description
0	No special function
1	CW limit switch (IDN P136)
2	CCW limit switch (IDN P137)
3	Reserved
4	Reserved
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Reserved
8	Second bipolar torque limit (IDN P84)
9	Reserved
10	Home switch (IDN 400)
11	Reserved
12	Reserved
13	Reserved
14	Reserved
15	Reserved
16	Probe input (IDN 401)
17	Reserved
18	Open fault relay. Refer to IDN P138

Except for mode 0, each function may only be assigned to one digital input. Mode 18 adds an external signal to the fault relay safety chain.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 0Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum: 18Serial Equivalent: IN1MODE

**Default:** 1 **Availability:**:

### IDN P124: (32, 892) Configurable I/O: Input 1 Status

**Description:** Returns the state of digital input 1 located on user connector C3, pin 9. A '1' indicates

that the digital input is on or is conducting current. IDN P124 may be assigned as a RTS.

Data Length: 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Binary Non-Volatile: No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent: IN1

**Default:** Availability::

### IDN P125: (32, 893) Configurable I/O: Input 2 Mode

**Description:** Sets the functionality of digital input 2 which may be read through IDN P126. The

following functions are available:

Mode	Description
0	No special function
1	CW limit switch (IDN P136)
2	CCW limit switch (IDN P137)
3	Reserved
4	Reserved
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Reserved
8	Second bipolar torque limit (IDN P84)
9	Reserved
10	Home switch (IDN 400)
11	Reserved
12	Reserved
13	Reserved
14	Reserved
15	Reserved
16	Probe input (IDN 401)
17	Reserved
18	Open fault relay. Refer to IDN P138

Except for mode 0, each function may only be assigned to one digital input. Mode 18 adds an external signal to the fault relay safety chain.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN
Maximum: 18 Serial Equivalent: IN2MODE

**Default:** 1 **Availability:**:

#### IDN P126: (32, 894) Configurable I/O: Input 2 Status

**Description:** Returns the state of digital input 1 located on user connector C3, pin 10. A '1' indicates

that the digital input is on or is conducting current. IDN P126 may be assigned as a RTS.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent: IN2

**Default:** Availability::

### IDN P127: (32, 895) Configurable I/O: Input 3 Mode

**Description:** Sets the functionality of digital input 3 which may be read through IDN P128. The following functions are available:

Mode	Description
0	No special function
1	CW limit switch (IDN P136)
2	CCW limit switch (IDN P137)
3	Reserved
4	Reserved
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Reserved
8	Second bipolar torque limit (IDN P84)
9	Reserved
10	Home switch (IDN 400)
11	Reserved
12	Reserved
13	Reserved
14	Reserved
15	Reserved
16	Probe input (IDN 401)
17	Reserved
18	Open fault relay. Refer to IDN P138

Except for mode 0, each function may only be assigned to one digital input. Mode 18 adds an external signal to the fault relay safety chain.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN
Maximum: 18 Serial Equivalent: IN3MODE

**Default:** 1 **Availability:**:

### IDN P128: (32, 896) Configurable I/O: Input 3 Status

**Description:** Returns the state of digital input 3 located on user connector C3, pin 11. A '1' indicates that the digital input is on or is conducting current. IDN P128 may be assigned as a RTS.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary Non-Volatile: No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent: IN3

**Default:** Availability::

### IDN P131: (32, 899) Configurable I/O: Output 1Mode

Sets the functionality of digital output 1 which may be read through IDN P132. The **Description:** following functions are available:

Mode	Description
0	No special function. The master may directly modify the output through
	IDN P132
1	Reserved
2	Reserved
3	Output on when the drive is in fold back (IDN 12, bit 0)
4	Reserved
5	Reserved
6	Reserved
7	Reserved
8	Reserved
9	Reserved
10	Output on if the drive is enabled

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

Data Type: Unsigned integer Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN Maximum: 10 Serial Equivalent: O1MODE

Availability:: **Default:** 6

### IDN P132: (32, 900) Configurable I/O: Output 1 Control/Status

**Description:** Allows the master to read the state of digital output 1 located on user connector C3, pin

12. A '1' indicates that the digital output is on or is conducting current. IDN P132 is write

protected whenever the digital output 1 mode (IDN P131) is non-zero.

Units: **Data Length:** 2 bytes

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** 

Minimum: No Write Access: CP 2-4, EN (when IDN P131 is 0)

Read-only (when IDN P131 is non-

Maximum: Serial Equivalent: O1

**Default:** Availability::

### IDN P135: (32, 903) Hardware Limit Switch Enable/Disable

**Description:** Enables or disables the use of the hardware limit switches. One or two digital inputs

must also be assigned as hardware limit switch inputs through the flexible input mode

IDNs P123, P125, or P127 in order for the hardware limit switches to function.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Binary Non-Volatile: Yes

**Minimum:** 0 (HW limit switches enabled) Write Access: CP 2-4, EN **Maximum:** 1 (HW limit switches disabled) **Serial Equivalent: LIMDIS** 

Default: 0 Availability::

### IDN P136: (32, 904) CW Limit Switch Status

**Description:** Returns the state of the CW (clockwise) limit switch input. A '1' indicates that the CW

limit has been reached and the switch is open. And conversely, a '0' indicates that the CW limit has not been reached and the switch is closed. The data returned by IDN P136 is not meaningful unless one of the flexible input mode IDNs P123, P125, or P127 has been assigned as the CW limit switch input (mode 1). IDN P136 may be assigned as a

RTS.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

Data Type:Non-Volatile:NoMinimum:Write Access:Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:CWLIM

**Default:** Availability::

### IDN P137: (32, 905) CCW Limit Switch Status

**Description:** Returns the state of the CCW (counter-clockwise) limit switch input. A '1' indicates that

the CCW limit has been reached and the switch is open. And conversely, a '0' indicates that the CCW limit has not been reached and the switch is closed. The data returned by IDN P137 is not meaningful unless one of the flexible input mode IDNs P123, P125, or P127 has been assigned as the CCW limit switch input (mode 2). IDN P137 may be

assigned as a RTS.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent: CCWLIM

**Default:** Availability::

### IDN P138: (32, 906) Drive Relay Closure Conditions

**Description:** Specifies the conditions that will cause the "drive-up / drive ready" relay to open.

Mode	Description	
0	Relay closed when no faults exist	
1	Relay closed when the drive is enabled	
2	Relay closed when the drive is enabled or is above the disable speed threshold while actively disabling	

When the drive is actively disabling, mode 2 causes the relay to open when the motor speed is below the disable threshold, whereas mode 1 does not open the relay until the active disable timer has expired. In addition, a digital input is added to the fault relay safety chain through flexible input mode 18 (IDN P123, P125, or P127).

The relay opens when one or more of the following conditions occurs:

- A fault exists.
- The drive is disabled (IDN P138 is 1).
- The drive is disabled or is actively disabling and is considered stopped (IDN P138 is 2).
- Flexible input mode 18 (IDNs P123, P125, or P127) is active and the corresponding digital input signal goes low.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer Non-Volatile: Yes

**Minimum:** 0 **Write Access:** CP 2-4, EN

Maximum: 2 Serial Equivalent: RELAYMODE

**Default:** 0 **Availability:**:

### IDN P139: (32, 907) Drive Relay Status

**Description:** Returns the status of the fault / "drive up" relay. A '1' indicates that the relay is closed

and a '0' indicates that the relay is open. IDN P139 may be assigned as a RTS.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent: RELAY

**Default:** Hardware defined. **Availability:**:

### IDN P140: (32, 908) Motor Over Temperature Mode

**Description:** 

Specifies the operation of the drive when a motor over temperature condition is detected (IDN 312). The amount of time that may elapse, without issuing a C1D fault (IDN 11, bit 2), is defined by the motor over temperature mode (IDN P140).

Mode	C1D Fault	Disable Drive	Open Fault Relay	Notes
0	Immediately	Immediately	Immediately	
1	After 2 minutes	After 2 minutes	Immediately	
2	No	No	Immediately	
3	No	No	No	
4	No	No	No	Warning also issued over RS-232
5	No	No	After IDN P142 time	Warning also issued over RS-232

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 0Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum: 5Serial Equivalent: THERMODE

**Default:** 0 **Availability:**:

### IDN P141: (32, 909) Motor Temperature Sensor Type

**Description:** Defines the type of motor over temperature sensor.

Туре	Description	
0	PTC (Positive Temperature Coefficient)	
1	NTC (Negative Temperature Coefficient)	

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN

Maximum: 1 Serial Equivalent: THERMTYPE

**Default:** 0 **Availability:**:

# IDN P142: (32, 910) Motor Over Temperature Relay Delay Time

**Description:** Sets the number of seconds the drive will wait after a motor over temperature condition

(IDN 312) has occurred before opening the fault relay. The delay time is only used when

the motor over temperature mode (IDN P140) is set to 5.

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: SecondsData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 1 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN

Maximum: 300 Serial Equivalent: THERMTIME

**Default:** 30 **Availability:**:

### IDN P144: (32, 912) Bus Under Voltage Fault Handling Mode

**Description:** 

Specifies the operation of the drive when a bus under voltage condition is detected. The amount of time that may elapse, without issuing a C1D fault (IDN 11, bit 9), is defined by the motor over temperature mode (IDN P140) and the under voltage warning time (IDN P145).

Mode	Description	
0	Issue an immediate under voltage fault	
1	Never issue an under voltage fault	
2	If the drive is enabled, issue an under voltage fault after the under voltage	
	warning time (IDN P145) has expired	

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum: 0Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum: 2Serial Equivalent: UVMODE

**Default:** 0 **Availability:**:

### IDN P145: (32, 913) Bus Under Voltage Warning Time

**Description:** Sets the number of seconds a bus under voltage condition can be present while the drive

is enabled before issuing a fault (IDN 11, bit 9) and shutting down the drive. The delay time is only used when the bus under voltage fault handling mode (IDN P144) is set to 2.

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: SecondsData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 1 Write Access: CP 2-4, EN
Maximum: 300 Serial Equivalent: UVTIME

**Default:** 30 **Availability:**:

### IDN P146: (32, 914) Configurable I/O: Inputs Status

**Description:** 

Returns the state of the digital inputs located on user connector C3 (pins 9,10 and 11) as well as the state of the external hardware enable input signal (pin 8). All the signals are represented in inverted form, i.e. a '0' indicates that the digital input is on or is conducting current. IDN P146 may be assigned as AT cyclic data.

Bit	Description
LSB 0	Remote enable switch status (IDN P122)
1	Input 1 status (IDN P124)
2	Input 2 status (IDN P126)
3	Input 3 status (IDN P128)
4	Reserved
5	Not used
6	Not used
7	Not used
8	Not used
9	Not used
10	Not used
11	Not used
12	Not used
13	Not used
14	Not used
15	Not used

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: Write Access: Read-only

**Maximum:** Serial Equivalent: (~REMOTE) | (~IN1<<1) |

(~IN2<<2) | (~IN3<<3)

**Default:** Availability:: SERCOS 2.0.1

### IDN P147: (32, 915) Configurable I/O: Inputs Polarity

**Description:** 

Allows the master to invert the polarity of the configurable inputs which are located on connector C3 (pins 9,10, and 11). An input signal is inverted if the corresponding bit in IDN P147 is set.

Bit	Description
LSB 0	Input 1 inversion
1	Input 2 inversion
2	Input 3 inversion
3	Reserved (set to 0)
4	Reserved (set to 0)
5	Reserved (set to 0)
6	Reserved (set to 0)
7	Reserved (set to 0)
8	Reserved (set to 0)
9	Reserved (set to 0)
10	Reserved (set to 0)
11	Reserved (set to 0)
12	Reserved (set to 0)
13	Reserved (set to 0)
14	Reserved (set to 0)
15	Reserved (set to 0)

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** Yes

Minimum: Write Access: CP 2-4, EN

Maximum: Serial Equivalent: ININV1, ININV2, ININV3

**Default:** Availability:: SERCOS 2.0.6

## IDN P150: (32, 918) Manufacturer Class 2 Diagnostic Mask

**Description:** IDN P150 is used to mask manufacturer-defined warnings (IDN 181) and their effect on

the C2D change bit (AT status word, bit 12) and the manufacturer-defined warning summary bit (IDN 12, bit 15). A masked manufacturer warning does not affect the contents of IDN 181, but the C2D change bit and the manufacturer-defined warning summary bit is not effected when the masked warning changes state. When a bit in IDN

P150 is clear, then the corresponding bit in IDN 181 is masked.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: Write Access: CP 2-4, EN

Maximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: 0xFFFFAvailability::

## IDN P151: (32, 919) Manufacturer Class 3 Diagnostic Mask

**Description:** IDN P151 is used to mask manufacturer-defined status signals (IDN 182) and their effect

on the C3D change bit (AT status word, bit 11) and the manufacturer defined status signal summary bit (IDN 13, bit 15). A masked manufacturer status signal does not affect the contents of IDN 182, but the C3D change bit and the manufacturer-defined status signal summary bit is not effected when the masked status signal changes state. When a

bit in IDN P151 is clear, then the corresponding bit in IDN 182 is masked.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: Write Access: CP 2-4, EN

Maximum:Serial Equivalent:**Default:** 0xFFFFAvailability::

# IDN P152: (32, 920) Control Unit Synchronization Bit Monitoring

**Description:** The CUSB must be toggled by the master every CUCT according to SERCOS 7.3.2.3.

The CUSB is used to synchronize commands coming from the master with the drive's  $\mu I$ . In addition, the CUSB provides a watchdog on the commands coming from the master. The drive monitors the CUSB in CP4 and issues a manufacturer fault (IDN 129, bits 12

or 13) and returns to CP0 when the CUSB toggles incorrectly.

IDN P152 allows the monitoring of the CUSB to be disabled under certain conditions to support masters that do not toggle the CUSB. CUSB monitoring may be disabled if the drive's  $\mu$ I (IDN P110) is inactive or the CUCT (IDN 1) is equal to the CCT (IDN 2). If the master has disabled CUSB monitoring, by setting P152 to 0 in CP2, and these conditions are not true, then the CP2 to CP3 transition procedure (IDN 127) fails.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

Data Type:BinaryNon-Volatile: NoMinimum:Write Access: CP 2Maximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: 1 (CUSB monitoring active)Availability::

### IDN P153: (32, 921) Hold Mode Status

**Description:** If the drive is in a hold mode (IDN 182, bit 1), the condition which caused the drive to enter hold mode has its corresponding bit set to 1 in IDN P153.

Bit	Description
LSB 0	Reserved: Halt/Restart bit low (MDT bit 13)
1	Hold DIP switch (DIP switch 7 = 1)
2	Drive is in an active disable process waiting for the drive off delay time
	(IDN 207) to expire
3	Hardware limit switch active
4	Configurable input mode 19 active
5	Internal hold request during homing process
6	Reserved (set to zero)
7	Reserved (set to zero)
8	Reserved (set to zero)
9	Reserved (set to zero)
10	Reserved (set to zero)
11	Reserved (set to zero)
12	Reserved (set to zero)
13	Reserved (set to zero)
14	Reserved (set to zero)
15	Reserved (set to zero)

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: Write Access: Read-only

**Maximum: Serial Equivalent:** Status word 5

**Default:** Availability::

## IDN P155: (32, 923) APP Velocity Controller Procedure Control

**Description:** 

Allows the user to initiate or cancel execution of the "Design APP Velocity Controller" procedure (IDN P105) using the realtime bits. This IDN may be employed to update the APP velocity controller coefficient as fast as possible in realtime rather than using the asynchronous service channel protocol. IDN P155 may be assigned to a RTC. Structure of the IDN:

Bit	Description	
LSB 0	1 – Starts the procedure command execution in the drive	
	(equal to setting IDN P105 to 3)	
	0 – Cancels the procedure (equal to setting IDN P105 to 0)	
1	Not used	
2	Not used	
3	Not used	
4	Not used	
5	Not used	
6	Not used	
7	Not used	
8	Not used	
9	Not used	
10	Not used	
11	Not used	
12	Not used	
13	Not used	
14	Not used	
15	Not used	

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum:Serial Equivalent: REFRESHDefault: 0Availability:: SERCOS 2.0.8

# IDN P156: (32, 924) APP Velocity Procedure Acknowledgement

**Description:** Bit 0 of the IDN P156 is used for monitoring completion status of the "Design APP

Velocity Controller" procedure (IDN P105). Bit 0 is always reset when canceling the

procedure command (IDN P105). IDN P156 may be assigned to a RTS.

Structure of the IDN:

Bit	Description
LSB 0	1 – Indicates change in the status of the procedure command (IDN P105)
	0 – The procedure command not completed or has not been started
1	Not used
2	Not used
3	Not used
4	Not used
5	Not used
6	Not used
7	Not used
8	Not used
9	Not used
10	Not used
11	Not used
12	Not used
13	Not used
14	Not used
15	Not used

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: Write Access: Read-only Maximum: Serial Equivalent:

**Default:** 0 **Availability:**: SERCOS 2.0.8

### IDN P160: (32, 928) Scaled Analog Input Value

**Description:** Contains the scaled analog input, in millivolts, after compensating for offset (IDN P164),

dead band (IDN P165), filtering (IDN P166), and analog input circuit attenuation.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** Millivolts **Data Type:** Integer **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent: ANIN

**Default:** Availability::

### IDN P161: (32, 929) Analog Input Value

**Description:** Returns the Equivalent analog to digital conversion of the analog input signal, as a two's

complement number, after compensating for offset (IDN P164), dead band (IDN P165),

and filtering (IDN P166).

When the analog offset is 0, the dead band is 0, and the analog input filter is set to 10 kHz, then the analog input voltage in millivolts: Vin = [IDN M161] \* 0.75352

IDN P161 may be assigned as AT cyclic data.

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: ADC countsData Type: IntegerNon-Volatile: No

Minimum: Write Access: Read-only

**Maximum:** Serial Equivalent: AnIn / 0.75352

Default: Availability::

### IDN P164: (32, 932) Analog Input Offset Compensation

**Description:** Defines an offset value that is added to the analog input value (IDN P160 and P161) to

compensate for offset or drift.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** mV

Data Type:IntegerNon-Volatile:YesMinimum:-10,000Write Access:CP 2-4, EnMaximum:10,000Serial Equivalent:AnOff

**Default:** 0 **Availability:**:

### IDN P165: (32, 933) Analog Input Dead Band

**Description:** If the absolute value of analog input voltage (IDN P160 or P161) is less than the dead

band voltage, the analog input value is set to 0.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units: mV

Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 0Write Access: CP 2-4, EnMaximum: 10,000Serial Equivalent: AnDB

**Default:** 0 **Availability:**:

# IDN P166: (32, 934) Analog Input Low Pass Filter Corner Frequency

**Description:** Defines the 3 dB point of a single pole low pass filter for the analog input. The filter

gain, at a corner frequency of 10 kHz, is 1.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units: Hz

Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 1Write Access: CP 2-4, EnMaximum: 10,000Serial Equivalent: AnLPFHz

**Default:** 10,000 (unity gain) **Availability:**:

### IDN P170: (32, 938) Source for Analog Output Feature

**Description:** Sets the source for the analog output feature at user connector C3 pin 13.

Bit	Description	
LSB 0	Tachometer (velocity feedback IDN 40) scaled identical to IDN P173	
1	I monitor (Equivalent current) scaled identical to IDN P171	
2	Velocity Error scaled identical to IDN P173	
3	Torque Command Output scaled to IDN P171	
4	Reserved	
5	Position following error scaled to IDN P172	
6	Not used	
7	Not used	
8	Position feedback (IDN 51) scaled to IDN P172	
9	Not used	
10	Not used	
11	Not used	
12	Not used	
13	Not used	
14	Not used	
15	Not used	

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: N/AData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 0Write Access: CP 2-4, EnMaximum: 8Serial Equivalent: ANOUTDefault: 0Availability:: SERCOS 2.0.1

# IDN P171: (32, 939) Current Scale Factor for Analog Output

**Description:** Defines an analog current scale factor that scales the analog output (IDN P170) for

modes 1 or 3. The value written is the motor current per 10 volts of analog output. This variable may be either higher or lower than the application current limit (IDN 92), but

the actual analog output will be limited by the IDN 92.

**Data Length:** 4 bytes Units: 0.1 % of motor I<sub>C</sub> (IDN 111) / 10V

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer

Minimum: Depends upon IDNs 110

Non-Volatile: Yes

Write Access: CP 2-4, En

and 111.

Maximum: Depends upon IDNs 110 Serial Equivalent: ISCALE \* DIPEAK/MICONT

and 111.

**Default:** Depends upon IDNs 110 **Availability:** SERCOS 2.0.1

and 111.

# IDN P172: (32, 940) Position Scale Factor for Analog Output

**Description:** Defines a position scale factor that scales the analog output (IDN P170) for modes 5 or 8.

The value written is the motor position movement in counts per 10 volts of analog

output.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes. **Units:** Counts per 10 volts

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer Non-Volatile: Yes

Minimum: 10Write Access: CP 2-4, ENMaximum: 2,147,483,647Serial Equivalent: PSCALEDefault: 2048Availability:: SERCOS 2.0.1

## IDN P173: (32, 941) Velocity Scale Factor for Analog Output

**Description:** Defines an analog velocity scale factor that scales the analog output (IDN P170) for

modes 0 or 2. The value written is the motor velocity per 10 volts of analog output. This variable may be either higher or lower than the velocity limit (IDN 91), but the actual

analog output will be limited by the IDN 91.

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: RPM / 10 voltsData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: YesMinimum: 10Write Access: CP 2-4, EnMaximum: 32767Serial Equivalent: VSCALEDefault: Depends upon IDN 91.Availability:: SERCOS 2.0.1

### IDN P180: (32, 948) Step Velocity 1

**Description:** Specifies one of two velocity commands used by the step procedure (IDN P184). The

step velocity 1 command is issued to the velocity controller for the time specified by the

step velocity duration 1 (IDN P181).

Data Length: 4 bytesUnits: RPMData Type: IntegerNon-Volatile: No

Minimum: Write Access: CP 2-4, En

**Maximum:** Serial Equivalent: Step argument 2

**Default:** 100 **Availability:**:

#### IDN P181: (32, 949) Step Velocity 1 Duration

**Description:** Specifies the amount of time that the step procedure (IDN P184) issues the step velocity

1 (IDN P180) command to the velocity controller.

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: millisecondsData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: No

**Minimum:** 0 **Write Access:** CP 2-4, En

**Maximum:** 32,767 **Serial Equivalent:** Step argument 1

**Default:** 1000 **Availability:**:

### IDN P182: (32, 950) Step Velocity 2

**Description:** Specifies the second velocity command issued by the step procedure (IDN P184) to the

velocity controller to create a square wave step command. The step velocity 2 command is issued to the velocity controller for the time specified by the step velocity duration 2

(IDN P183).

Data Length: 4 bytesUnits: RPMData Type: IntegerNon-Volatile: No

Minimum: Write Access: CP 2-4, En

Maximum: Serial Equivalent: Step argument 4

**Default:** 0 **Availability:**:

### IDN P183: (32, 951) Step Velocity 2 Duration

**Description:** Specifies the amount of time that the step procedure (IDN P184) issues step velocity 2

(IDN P182) command to the velocity controller.

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: millisecondsData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: No

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, En

**Maximum:** 32,767 **Serial Equivalent:** Step argument 3

**Default:** 0 **Availability:**:

### IDN P184: (32, 952) Procedure: Velocity Step

**Description:** 

The drive enters an internal velocity mode and automatically performs velocity steps using internally generated square wave velocity commands. This procedure is intended to be used in conjunction with the record procedure (IDN P198) to capture the drive's response while tuning. The step procedure is configured through step velocity 1 (IDN P180), step velocity 1 duration (P181), step velocity 2 (P182), and step velocity 2 duration (IDN P183).

The step procedure fails under the following conditions:

- > The drive is disabled or is enabled and moving when the procedure is started.
- ➤ The homing procedure (IDN 148), the encoder initialization procedure (IDN P60), or the tune procedure (IDN P188) are active.
- A drive fault is active or is encountered during operation.

The velocity step procedure runs until the requested step has finished (velocity 2 and velocity 2 duration are both zero), the drive is disabled, or the procedure is canceled. When the drive is continuously stepping, the master pauses the procedure before issuing the cancel command. When the step procedure is paused, the drive stops its present motion and holds its position. The master then reads the drive's position feedback and updates its position command appropriately prior to canceling the step procedure.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

Data Type: BinaryNon-Volatile: NoMinimum:Write Access: CP 4, EnMaximum:Serial Equivalent: Step

**Default:** 0 **Availability:**:

### IDN P185: (32, 953) Tune Bandwidth

**Description:** Sets the bandwidth used during the tune procedure (IDN P188).

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units: Hz

**Data Type:** Unsigned Integer Non-Volatile: No

Minimum: 10 Write Access: CP 2-4, En

Maximum: 100 Serial Equivalent: Tune argument 1

**Default:** 10 **Availability:**:

### IDN P186: (32, 954) Tune Rotation Direction

Description: Specifies the motor's direction of rotation (as viewed from the output shaft) during a tune

procedure (IDN P188). Under low load inertia conditions, the motor shaft only moves in

one direction even with a bi-directional configuration.

Dir	Description	
0	Bi-directional	
1	Clockwise	
2	Counter-clockwise	

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, En

Maximum: 2 Serial Equivalent: Tune argument 2

**Default:** 0 **Availability:**:

### IDN P187: (32, 955) Tune Velocity

**Description:** Specifies the motor's maximum speed during the tune procedure (IDN P188). The

velocity is always limited to 0.7 of the bipolar velocity limit (IDN 91).

Data Length: 4 bytesUnits: RPMData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: No

Minimum: 350 Write Access: CP 2-4, En

**Maximum:** Serial Equivalent: Tune argument 3

**Default:** 500 **Availability:**:

### IDN P188: (32, 956) Procedure: Tune

**Description:** 

The drive enters an internal velocity mode and automatically performs velocity steps in closed loop, while maintaining position and velocity constraints, in order to capture the system dynamics and set tuning constants. The tune procedure is configured through the tune bandwidth (IDN P185), tune rotation direction (IDN P186), and the tune velocity (IDN P187).

The tune procedure fails under the following conditions:

- The drive is disabled or is enabled and moving.
- ➤ The homing procedure (IDN 148), encoder initialization procedure (IDN P60), velocity step procedure (IDN P184), or the record procedure (IDN P198) is active.
- The tune algorithm was unable to finish, which may be due to current saturation, a motor that cannot rotate, or unsuccessful controller design.
- A drive fault is active or is encountered during operation.

Recommendations on the use of tune:

- > Start with a low bandwidth.
- ➤ Increase the bandwidth after each successful tuning iteration. (The tune algorithm is more accurate at higher tune speeds.)

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

Data Type:Non-Volatile:NoMinimum:Write Access:CP4, EnMaximum:Serial Equivalent:Tune

**Default:** 0 **Availability:**:

#### IDN P189: (32, 957) Record Sample Time

**Description:** The record sample time defines the time period between consecutively recorded data

points. The actual sample time used by the record procedure (IDN P198) is rounded to

the nearest 0.5 ms.

Data Length: 4 bytesUnits: Micro-secondsData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: NoMinimum: 500Write Access: CP 2-4, En

Maximum: 5,000,000 Serial Equivalent: Record argument 1

**Default:** 500 **Availability:**:

### IDN P190: (32, 958) Record Channel Buffer Size

**Description:** The record channel buffer size defines the number of signal samples that are stored on

each channel.

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: Data pointsData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: No

Minimum: 1 Write Access: CP 2-4, En

Maximum: 1024 Serial Equivalent: Record argument 2

**Default:** 1024 **Availability:**:

### IDN P191: (32, 959) Record Channel 1 Signal

**Description:** Specifies the variable that is recorded on channel 1. Up to four words of data may be recorded among all three channels.

Signal	Description	Size (words)
0	Phase A current	1
1	Phase C current	1
2	Velocity feedback	1
3	Absolute position feedback	1
4	Current loop command	1
5	Velocity loop command	1
6	Motor current	2
7	Analog input	1
8	Configurable input 1	1
9	Configurable input 2	1
10	Configurable input 3	1
11	In position flag	1
12	Position error	2
13	External position feedback	2
14	External velocity feedback	1
15	Profile generator stop flag	1
16	Configurable output 1	1
17	Position command	2
18	Position feedback	2

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, En

Maximum: 18 Serial Equivalent: Record argument 3

**Default:** 5 **Availability:**:

### IDN P192: (32, 960) Record Channel 2 Signal

**Description:** Specifies the variable that is recorded on channel 2. Up to four words of data may be recorded among all three channels.

Signal	Description	Size (words)
0	Phase A current	1
1	Phase C current	1
2	Velocity feedback	1
3	Absolute position feedback	1
4	Current loop command	1
5	Velocity loop command	1
6	Motor current	2
7	Analog input	1
8	Configurable input 1	1
9	Configurable input 2	1
10	Configurable input 3	1
11	In position flag	1
12	Position error	2
13	External position feedback	2
14	External velocity feedback	1
15	Profile generator stop flag	1
16	Configurable output 1	1
17	Position command	2
18	Position feedback	2

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer Non-Volatile: No

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, En

Maximum: 18 Serial Equivalent: Record argument 4

**Default: 2 Availability:**:

### IDN P193: (32, 961) Record Channel 3 Signal

**Description:** Specifies the variable that is recorded on channel 3. Up to four words of data may be recorded among all three channels. If the word count of the signals assigned to channels 1 through 3 exceed four words, then channel 3 data is not recorded.

Signal	Description	Size (words)
0	Phase A current	1
1	Phase C current	1
2	Velocity feedback	1
3	Absolute position feedback	1
4	Current loop command	1
5	Velocity loop command	1
6	Motor current	2
7	Analog input	1
8	Configurable input 1	1
9	Configurable input 2	1
10	Configurable input 3	1
11	In position flag	1
12	Position error	2
13	External position feedback	2
14	External velocity feedback	1
15	Profile generator stop flag	1
16	Configurable output 1	1
17	Position command	2
18	Position feedback	2

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer **Non-Volatile:** No

**Minimum:** 0 **Write Access:** CP 2-4, En

Maximum: 18 Serial Equivalent: Record argument 5

**Default:** 18 **Availability:**:

### IDN P194: (32, 962) Record Trigger Signal

**Description:** Specifies the signal or condition that triggers the recording mechanism to capture data.

Signal	Description	Trigger Level (IDN P195)
0	Absolute position feedback	0 to 65535
1	Phase A current	-32767 to 32767
2	Phase C current	-32767 to 32767
3	Velocity feedback	-32767 to 32767
4	Current loop command	-32767 to 32767
5	Velocity loop command	-32767 to 32767
6	Trigger immediately	Not used
7	Trigger on next serial command	Not used
8	Remote input	Not used
9	CW limit switch	Not used
10	CCW limit switch	Not used
11	Configurable input 1	Not used
12	Configurable input 2	Not used
13	Configurable input 3	Not used
14	Configurable output 1	Not used
15	Position command	-2^32 to +2^32 - 1
16	Position feedback	-2^32 to +2^32 - 1

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Unsigned integer Non-Volatile: No

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, En

Maximum: 16 Serial Equivalent: RecTrig argument 1

**Default:** 3 **Availability:**:

### IDN P195: (32, 963) Record Trigger Level

**Description:** Specifies the value that the trigger signal (IDN P194) must pass through in order for the

recording mechanism to capture data. The trigger level range depends upon the selected trigger signal. Refer to the trigger signal IDN description for range information. The record procedure clips trigger levels that exceed the maximum range to the range limit

for trigger signals 0 through 5.

**Data Length:** 4 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Integer Non-Volatile: No

Minimum: Write Access: CP 2-4, En

**Maximum:** Serial Equivalent: RecTrig argument 2

**Default:** 50 **Availability:** 

### IDN P196: (32, 964) Record Trigger Polarity

**Description:** Specifies the direction the trigger signal (IDN P194) must be changing when it crosses

the record trigger level (IDN P195) in order for the recording mechanism to capture data. When a binary signal has been assigned as a trigger signal (signals 8 -14), the trigger polarity specifies the logic level the signal must achieve in order to capture data.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

Data Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: NoMinimum: 0 (decreasing)Write Access: CP 2-4, En

Maximum: 1 (increasing) Serial Equivalent: RecTrig argument 4

**Default:** 1 **Availability:**:

### IDN P197: (32, 965) Record Trigger Buffer Offset

**Description:** The trigger buffer offset defines the number of data points stored before the data point

that satisfies the data capture conditions (trigger level and polarity).

Data Length: 2 bytesUnits: Data pointsData Type: Unsigned integerNon-Volatile: No

Minimum: 0 Write Access: CP 2-4, En

Maximum: 1023 Serial Equivalent: RecTrig argument 3

**Default:** 0 **Availability:**:

### IDN P198: (32, 966) Procedure: Record

**Description:** Captures the data of up to three realtime signals. The following IDNs are used to configure the capture process before the record procedure is started.

- > IDN P189 Sample time-defines the time period between consecutive recorded data points
- > IDN P190 Channel buffer size Defines the number of signal samples recorded
- IDN P191 Channel 1 signalIDN P192 Channel 2 signal
- ➤ IDN P193 Channel 3 signal
- ➤ IDN P194 Trigger signal
- ➤ IDN P195 Trigger level
- ➤ IDN P196 Trigger polarity
- ➤ IDN P197 Trigger Offset-determines the amount of data stored before the trigger point

The record procedure runs until the requested data has been captured. After the record procedure returns a successful procedure status, the record data status (IDN P199) indicates which channels have available data. The recorded data must be read from IDN P201 before the record procedure is canceled.

The record procedure fails if the tune procedure is active.

**Data Length:** 2 bytes Units:

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum: Write Access: CP 2-4, En

Maximum:Serial Equivalent:Default: 0Availability::

### IDN P199: (32, 967) Record Data Status

**Description:** Indicates the availability of recorded data.

Bit	Field Description	
0	1 = Channel 1 data available	
1	1 = Channel 2 data available	
2	1 = Channel 3 data available	
3	Reserved	
4	Reserved	
5	Reserved	
6	1 = Recording data	
7	1 = Waiting for trigger	
8	Reserved	
9	Reserved	
10	Reserved	
11	Reserved	
12	Reserved	
13	Reserved	
14	Reserved	
15	Reserved	

**Data Length:** 2 bytes **Units:** 

**Data Type:** Binary **Non-Volatile:** No

Minimum:Write Access: Read-onlyMaximum:Serial Equivalent:

**Default:** 0 **Availability:**:

### IDN P200: (32, 968) Record Data Pointer

Defines the record channel and the starting buffer position of the data contained within **Description:** the record data IDN (IDN P201).

Bit	Field Description
0	Buffer offset
1	Buffer offset
2	Buffer offset
3	Buffer offset
4	Buffer offset
5	Buffer offset
6	Buffer offset
7	Buffer offset
8	Buffer offset
9	Buffer offset
10	Buffer offset
11	Reserved
12	00 - Channel 1
	01 - Channel 2
	10 - Channel 3
13	00 - Channel 1
	01 - Channel 2
	10 - Channel 3
14	Reserved
15	Auto-increment buffer offset after reading record data. $(0/1 = off/on)$

Data Length: 2 bytes **Units:** 

Data Type: Binary Non-Volatile: No

**Minimum:** Write Access: CP 2-4, En

**Maximum: Serial Equivalent: Default:** 0 Availability::

#### IDN P201: (32,969) Record Data

Contains the record data specified by the record pointer (IDN P200). Record data is only **Description:** 

available while the record procedure (IDN P198) is active.

Data Length: 4 byte elements. **Units:** 

Variable length array.

Data Type: Integer Non-Volatile: No

**Minimum:** Write Access: Read-only **Maximum: Serial Equivalent:** 

**Availability: Default:** Null

### **Glossary of Terms & Acronyms**

**Availability** Denotes the SERV**OSTAR** drive version for which each IDN is applicable. If no

information is displayed, the IDN is considered valid for all versions.

**APP** Advanced Pole Placement

**AT** Amplifier Telegram

C1D Class 1 Diagnostic - Fault
C2D Class 2 Diagnostic - Warning
C3D Class 3 Diagnostic - Status
CCT Communication Cycle Time

**CCW** Counter-Clockwise - CW and CCW are viewed from the output end of the motor.

CP Communication Phase
CUCT Control Unit Cycle Time

**CUSB** Control Unit Synchronization Bit (MDT Control Word Bit 10)

**CW** Clockwise - CW And CCW are viewed from the output end of the motor.

**Data Length** Lists the IDN data element length in bytes. Possible entries for this field are 2, 4, 1 V,

2 V, and 4 V. A 'V' following the number of bytes indicates a variable length data element. For example, "2 V" indicates that the IDN may contain a variable number of

2 byte words.

**Data Type** Indicates how the data should be interpreted and displayed. Possible entries for this

field are binary, integer, unsigned integer, text, and IDN.

**Default** The default value for element 7 of an IDN. IDNs may assume their default values due

to a reset procedure or after a firmware upgrade. A default entry of "motor data" indicates that the default value is determined by a motor data sheet. If an IDN does not have a default value, then the "default" field is not listed within the IDN description.

**Description** A short explanation of the IDN purpose.

Continuous Current

**IDN** The Identification Number. An IDN preceded by the prefix 'P', specifies a product-

specific (manufacturer) IDN in short-hand notation. The actual IDN number for a product-specific IDN, may be obtained by adding 32768 to the short-hand numeric value. For convenience, the actual IDN number is given in parenthesis following the short hand notation. For example, P2 is a manufacturer specific IDN whose actual

IDN number is 32770.

**IDN Name** A descriptive title of the IDN.

IP Peak Current

**LSB** Least Significant Bit

**Maximum** This field, together with minimum, indicates the range of IDN element 7 data. In

general, IDN elements 5 and 6 are not supported if the range fields are not listed within the IDN description. The ranges of some IDNs are dependent upon the value of

other IDNs.

MDT Master Data Telegram

**Minimum** This field, together with maximum, indicates the range of IDN element 7 data. In

general, IDN elements 5 and 6 are not supported if the range fields are not listed within the IDN description. The ranges of some IDNs are dependent upon the value of

other IDNs.

MSB Most Significant Bit

MST Master Synchronization Telegram

**Non-Volatile** Indicates whether the IDN data may be saved to non-volatile memory. IDN data that

resides in non-volatile memory is restored to the IDN upon powering up the drive. IDN data that does not reside in non-volatile memory is assigned default values when

the drive is powered-up.

**PDFF** Pseudo-Derivative Feed Forward

RTC Realtime Control Bit
RTS Realtime Status Bit

**Serial** Lists an equation of equivalent protocol commands that may be issued through the RS-**Equivalent** 232/485 serial port to obtain the IDN data. Evaluating the equation results in the

contents of the IDN. If no serial equivalent commands are available, then field values

are not listed within the description.

**SPP** Standard Pole Placement

**Units** Specifies the units of IDN element 7 and of the minimum, maximum, and default

fields. To obtain the final value of the IDN, multiply the value read from the IDN by the units of the IDN. IDNs with data types of binary, text, or IDNs without units have

no units listed with the IDN description.

Write Lists the CPs during which an IDN may be written. In general, an IDN may be read through the service channel during all CPs above CP1. Writing to an IDN may be

restricted during some CPs or while the drive is enabled.

μl Micro-Interpolator